# Capital Markets Day

7<sup>th</sup> November 2014



# **Agenda**

0830	Opening Speech	Antonio Vázquez	IAG Chairman
0845	IAG Plans and Targets	Enrique Dupuy	IAG Chief Financial Officer
0930	Cargo Avios Fleet standardisation	Steve Gunning Gavin Halliday Geoffrey Weston	Cargo Chief Executive Officer Avios Managing Director IAG Head of Group Strategy
1030	Break		
1100	British Airways Iberia Vueling	Keith Williams Luis Gallego Alex Cruz	BA Executive Chairman Iberia Chairman & CEO Vueling Chairman & CEO
1230	Investment strategy	Willie Walsh	IAG Chief Executive Officer
1300	Get lunch		
1330	Conclusion and Q&A	Willie Walsh	IAG Chief Executive Officer
1500	Close		



CMD 2014

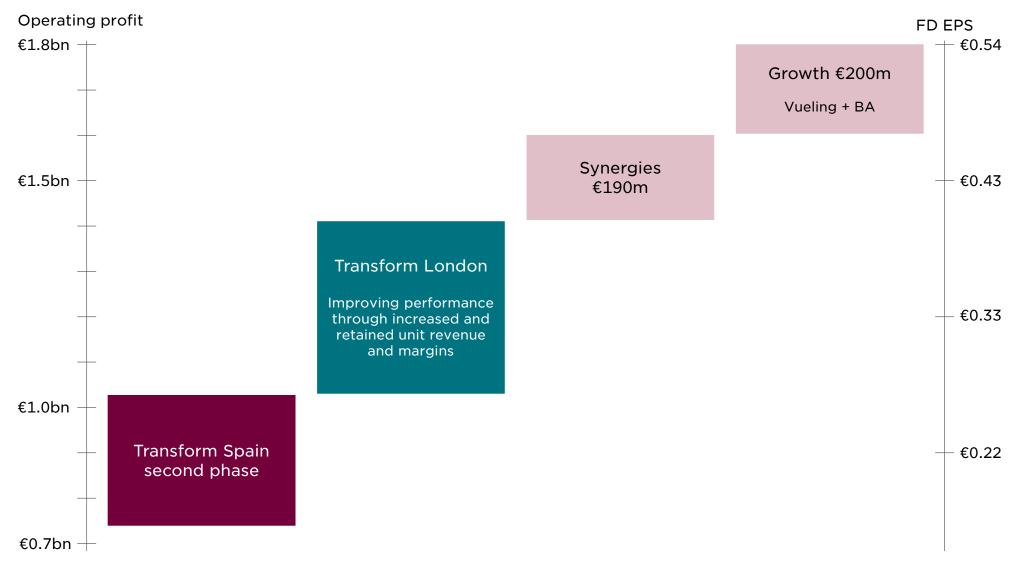
# IAG Plans and Targets



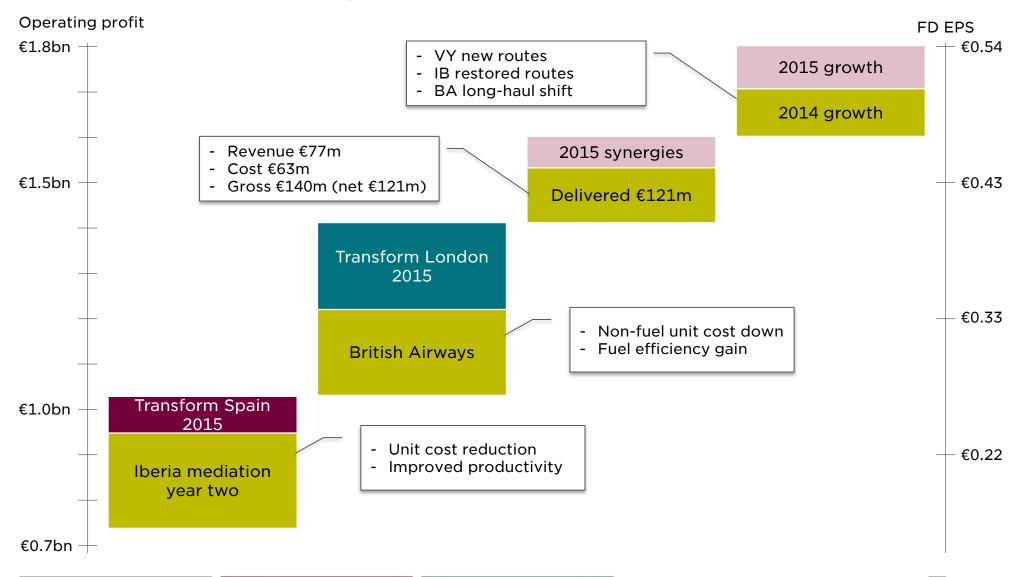
## Financial targets - headlines 2014

- We have raised our 2014 guidance to an improvement in operating profit before exceptional items in the range of €550m to €600m from a base of €770m in 2013
- We remain confident in meeting our 2015 operating profit target of €1.8bn
- Improvements for 2015 are based on:
  - New fleet net savings
  - Productivity improvements
  - Completion of our 2011-15 synergies program
  - Profitable growth
- Current market rates for fuel and FX could have a potentially positive impact on our results
- Beyond 2015 we will be aiming for a 12%+ RoIC for the Group and for each OpCo, through:
  - Productivity and other ex-fuel savings under IAG and OpCo initiatives
  - Fleet renewal net savings
  - Flexible growth
- We anticipate in 2015 a declaration of a sustainable dividend payout

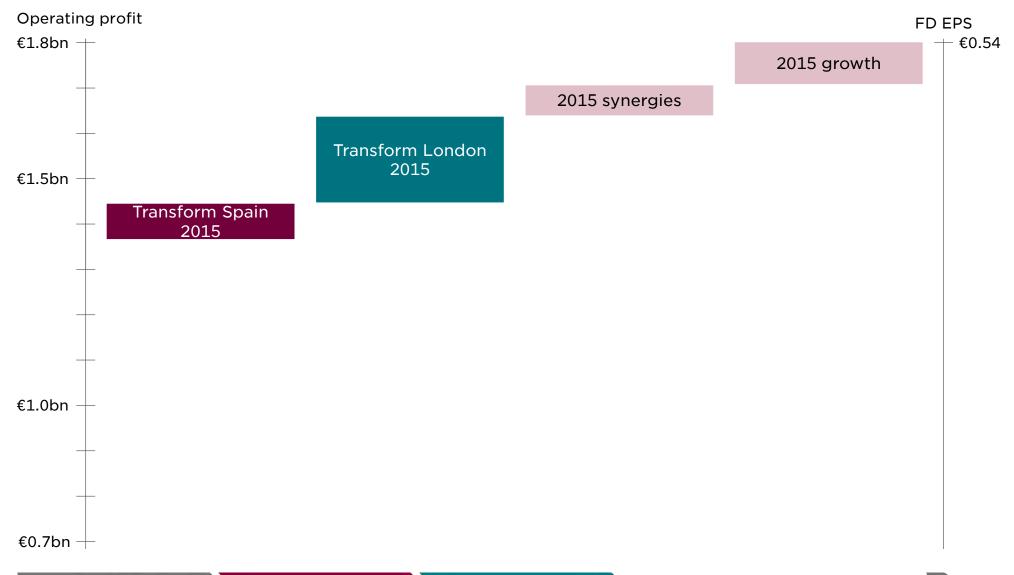
## 2015 financial targets - CMD 2013



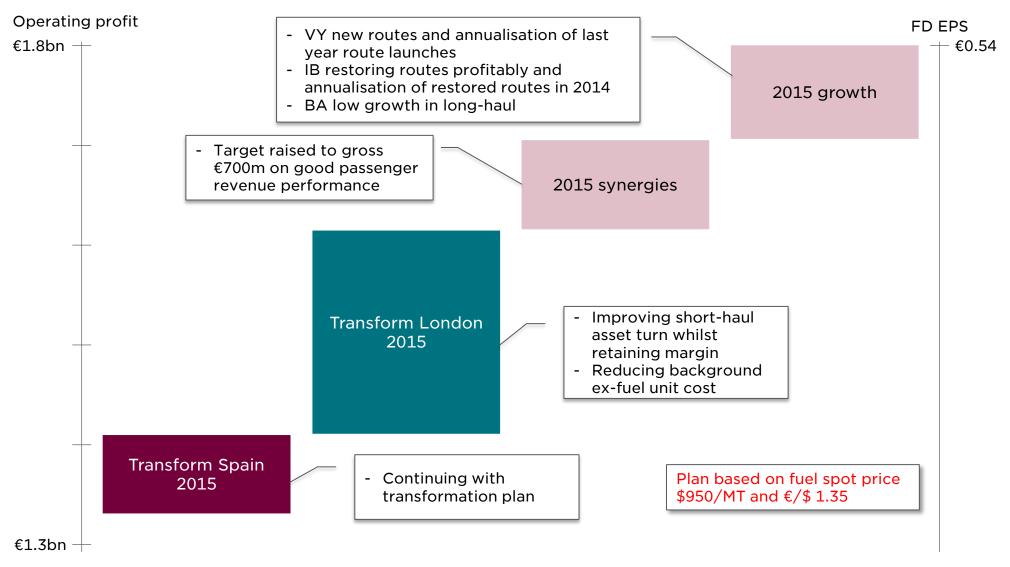
## 2015 financial targets - delivered 2014



## 2015 financial targets



## 2015 financial targets



## 2016 - 2020 planning framework

12%+ RoIC

Sustainable double digit operating margin from all OpCos

Long term benefits of bmi and JV partnerships. Improve hub efficiencies

Transform London 2015

Avios, Cargo, Purchasing, Business Services/IT

IAG initiatives

Flexible

2015 growth

Maturity of plan de futuro, further labour cost benefit and efficiency

**Transform Spain** 2015



## 2016-2020 profit growth drivers

Unit revenue flat Supplier unit cost Employee unit cost Fuel efficiency Greater % of low cost capacity Net capacity addition



## 2016-2020 profit growth drivers

Unit revenue potential

Supplier unit cost

Employee unit cost

Fuel efficiency

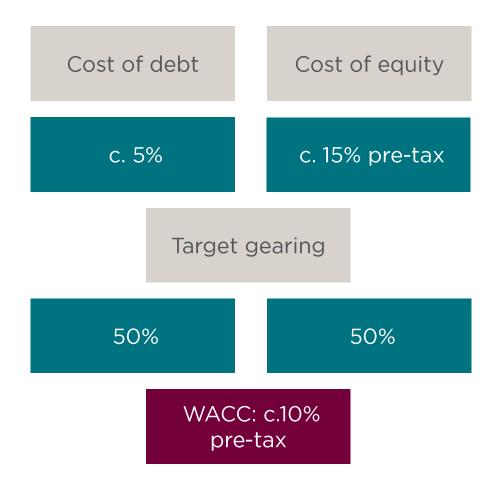
Greater % of low cost capacity

Net capacity addition

2016 - 2020



## Reminder: our WACC calculation (CMD 2013)

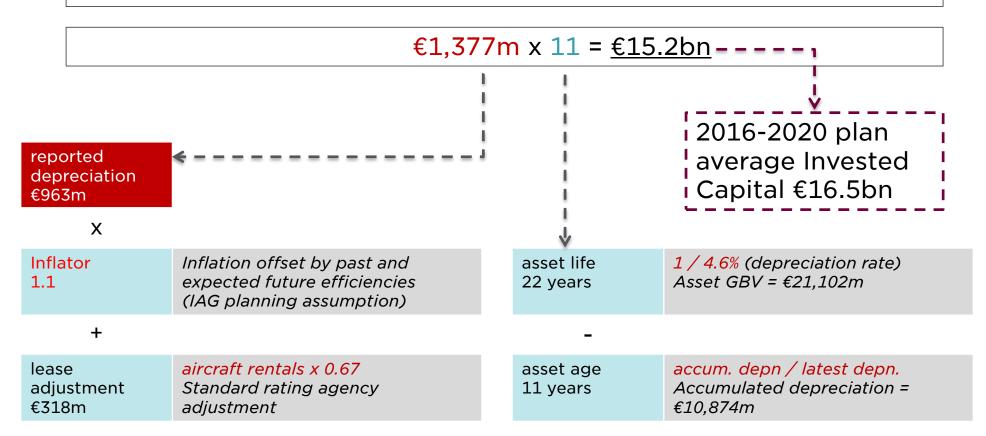




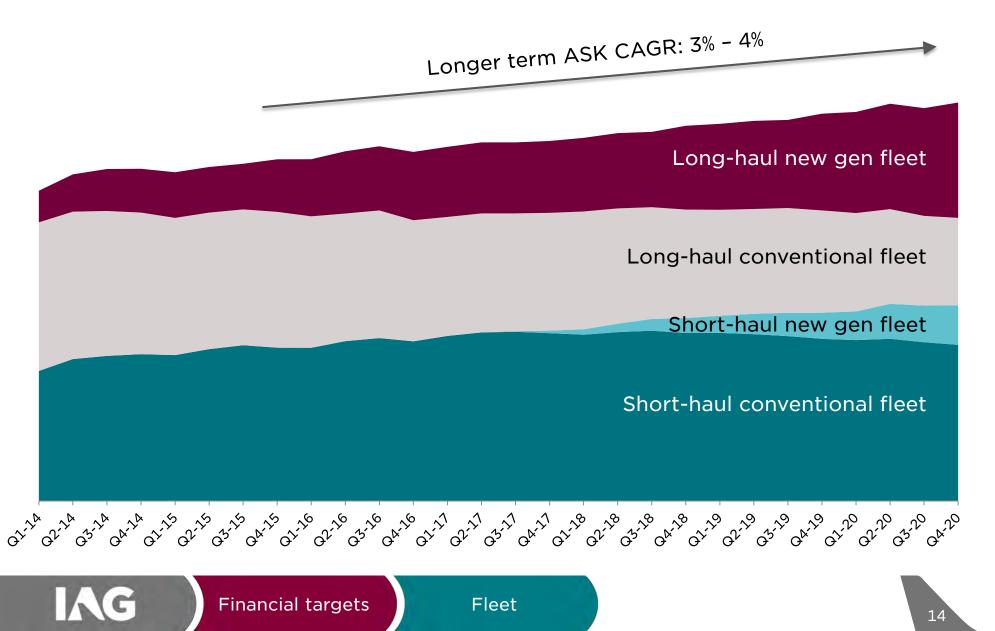
## Invested Capital example calculation - IAG 2013

Real returns, applicable to all airlines (simplified version of last year with lease adjustment), working from public information

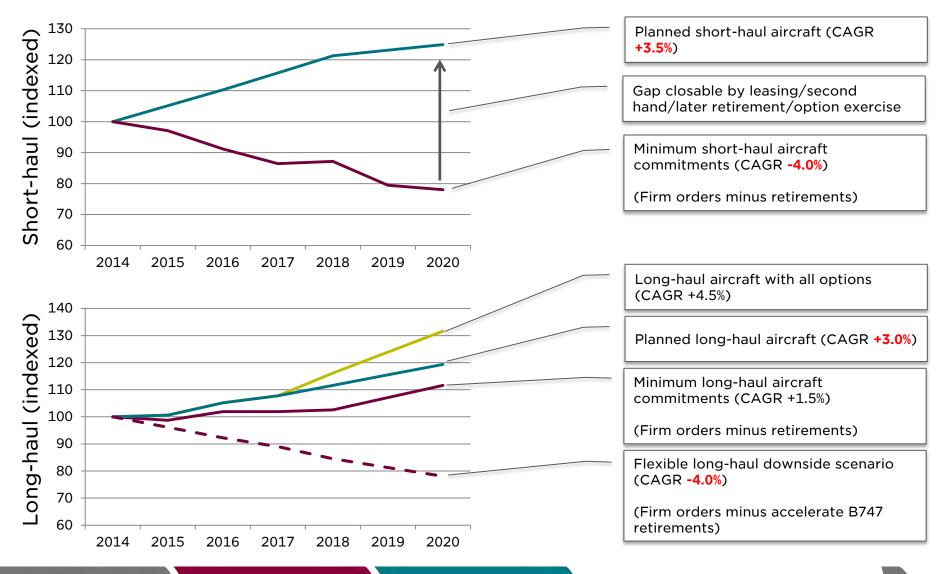
adjusted depreciation x remaining asset life = Invested Capital



## Fleet plan 2016 - 2020 ASKs



## Fleet plan flexibility - aircraft in fleet



## Fleet plan detail

Aircraft	2014 year end	2015 year end
A330/340	31	32
A350	-	-
A380	8	10 -
B747	43	39
B767	7	4 -
B777	58	58
B787	8	13
A318	2	2
Total long-haul	157	158
A320 family	266	287
Other	35	27
Total short-haul	301	314
Total fleet	458	472

Outstanding orders post 2015	Current further options
8	-
26	42
2	7
-	-
_	-
-	-
29	18
-	-
65	55
68	178
-	15
68	193
133	248

8 options converted to IB firm orders
A350-900 and A350-1000 deliveries from 2018

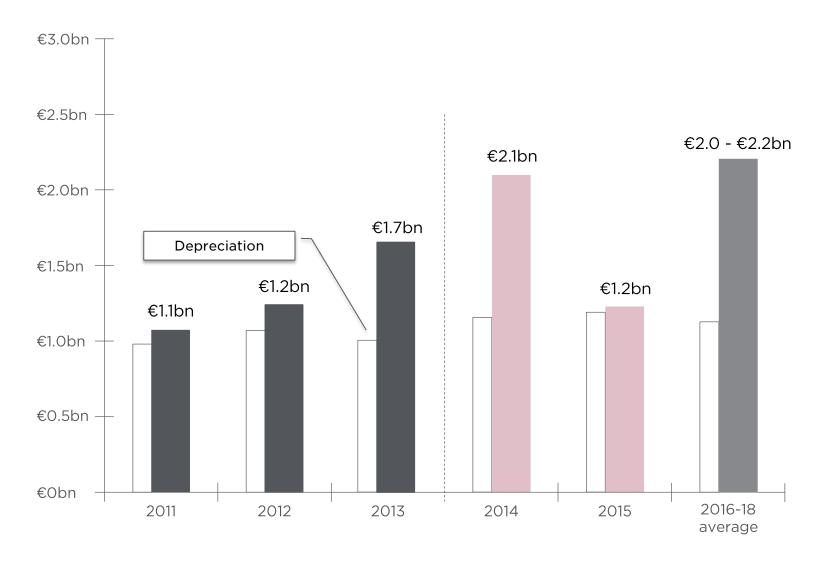
A380 delivery moved from Q1-16 to Q4-15

B767 long-haul retired by 2016, replaced by B787

B787-9 deliveries from 2015 B787-10 deliveries from 2019

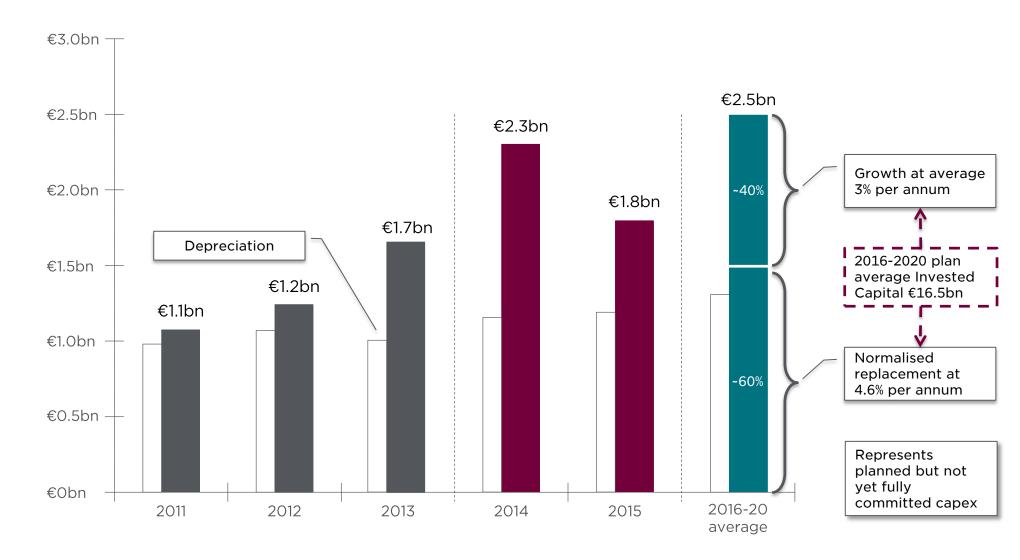
B737 retired by 2015 B767 short-haul retired by 2018, replaced by A320 family

## Capex plan - CMD 2013



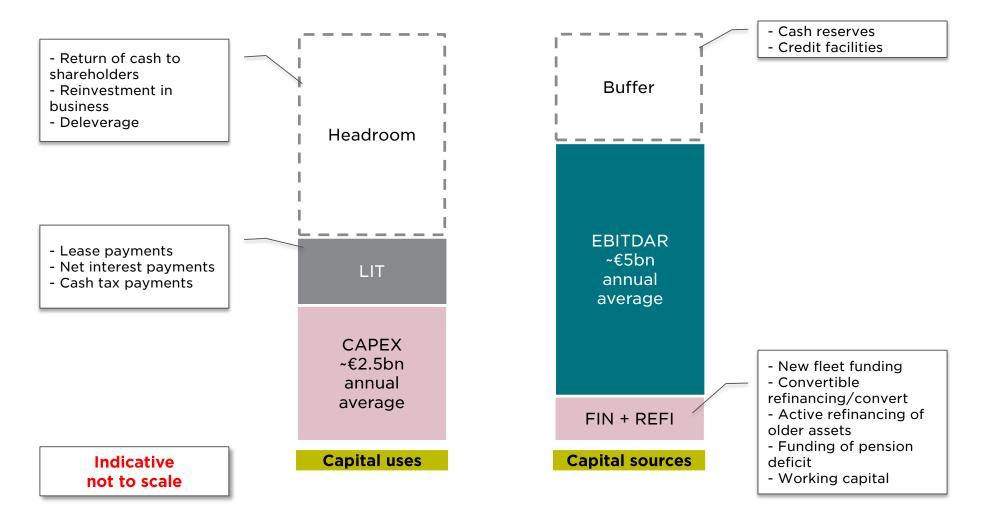


## Capex plan





## IAG corporate finance strategy 2016-2020



## Long term planning goals 2016 - 2020

**Profitability** 

RoIC (real terms)
12%+

Operating margin 10% - 14%

Average growth

ASK 3%-4% per annum

Average EPS growth 10%+ per annum

Balance sheet & cash flow

Gearing: Investment grade zone

EBITDAR: ~€5bn average per annum

> Capex: €2bn - €3bn per annum

Equity FCF €1bn - €1.5bn per annum

Cash return to shareholders

Sustainable ordinary dividend initially 4x covered by underlying after-tax profit



Financial targets

Long term planning goals

## **Dividend policy statement**

It has been the stated intention of IAG to distribute regular dividends to our shareholders in the medium and long term, in an amount appropriate to market conditions, depending on a number of factors, including but not limited to, the earnings of the company, financial conditions, cash requirements and prospects and legal requirements.

The Company has made significant progress during 2014 and we remain confident in meeting our 2015 financial targets which we see as the trigger to introducing a dividend.

We therefore anticipate making a declaration in 2015 as the first step in our plan to introduce a sustainable dividend payment.

The initial dividend would be based on a payout ratio of 25% of our underlying profit after tax.

# IAG 2016-2020 planning agenda

IAG initiatives					
IAG Cargo	In progress	Update later			
Avios	In progress	Update later			
IAG Fleet & Purchasing	In progress	Update later			
IAG Business Services/IT	In process of launch	Update TBD			
[Other major initiatives]	In planning	Update TBD			
OpCo initiatives					
British Airways	In progress	Transform London and long-haul network growth			
Iberia	In progress	Transform Spain and route restoration, maturity 2020			
Vueling	In progress	P2P European LCC growth			
Growth					
Organic growth	In progress	Flexible targeted growth maintaining 12%+ average RoIC			



# Cargo

Transformation of the Cargo business



## **Optimising return for IAG**





### INNOVATIVE OPERATING MODEL

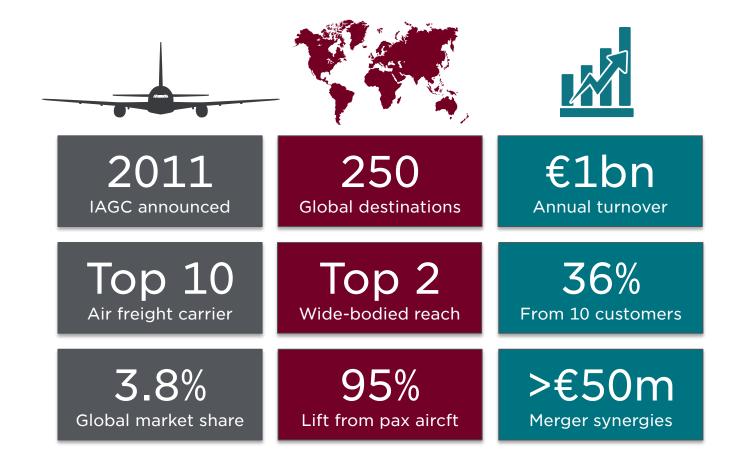


### **PIONEERING INTEGRATION WITHIN IAG**



CLEAR **STRATEGIC** PRIORITIES

## An introduction





Introduction

## The rationale



Customer proposition

- Improved network scale and connectivity
- Enhanced product and commercial offerings



Optimising financial return

- Strong merger synergies
- Maximising return on IAG capital e.g. focus on passenger aircraft utilisation



Set up for growth

- Commercial platform attractive to new partners
- Key lessons from Cargo integration are being used for wider group projects

IAG

Cargo

Rationale

## Integration 80% complete

ONE **NAME**, ONE **BRAND** 

**IAGCargo** 

ONE CARGO **OPERATION** 

For all joint IB/BA stations



ONE **MANAGEMENT TEAM** 

ONE **PRODUCT PORTFOLIO** 

e.g. market leading pharma product utilised cross network



ONE **SET OF DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS** 

iagcargo.com



Incentivised to optimise group result





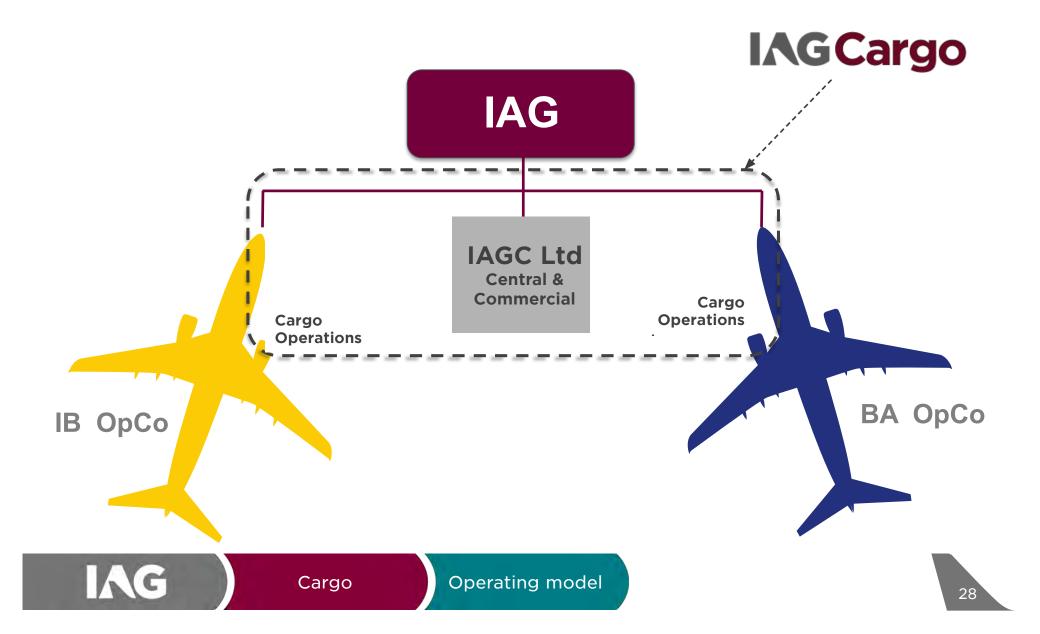
Linked via a wide bodied air bridge Single revenue management system optimising for the group





Integration

## **Operating model**



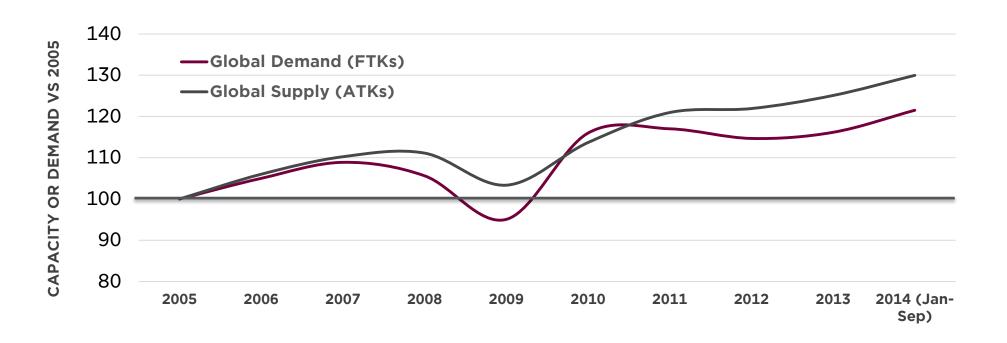
## Focus on value generation

#### PROFIT AND LOSS APPROACH MODEL A MODEL B **IAG CARGO CARGO REVENUES** YES YES YES **DIRECTLY ATTRIBUTABLE COSTS** STAFF COSTS **PARTIAL** YES YES SUPPLIER COSTS PARTIAL YES YES OVERHEADS e.g. Property Leases, IT **PARTIAL** YES YES FUEL BURN ON PASSENGER AIRCRAFT NO NO YES NON ATTRIBUTABLE COST ALLOCATION NO OVERHEADS (unrelated to Cargo) NO YES CAPACITY CHARGE FOR OPERATING COSTS NO YES NO AND CAPITAL OF PASSENGER AIRCRAFT

Cargo

## Structural change in the market

Demand and supply growth are not in line



Source: IATA International Airfreight statistics



## **Challenges faced**

#### **EXTERNAL**

#### LONGHAUL FREIGHTERS DECISION

- 2002 Three 747-8Fs wetleased from GSS
  - 13% of capacity and 24% of total IAG Cargo cost base
- **2014** Exited programme in April 2014
  - Preserved Hong Kong to London lane via capacity programme with Qatar in May 2014
  - Smaller programme more flexible and lower unit cost - results are good



#### **INTERNAL**

#### **CROSS GROUP IT IMPLEMENTATION**

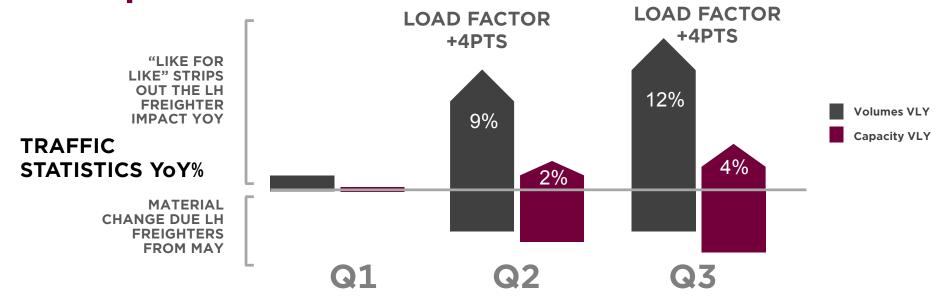
 Key to integration has been moving to a single set of commercial IT systems

### **OPTIMA**

- At the centre of the new single business is a single revenue management system 'OPTIMA'. The system **enhances return** through price and inventory controls across **entire network**
- Optima is an €11m programme to deliver ongoing annual benefits of €12m
- Programme is now 90% complete. Two large system upgrades this year
- First large scale cross-group IT programme - significant lessons generated for the Group

Cargo Challenges

## **Recent performance**

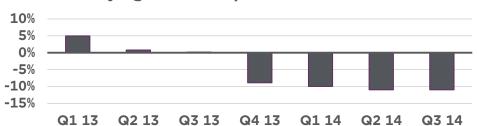






MARKET YIELD UNDER PRESSURE DUE TO EXCESS CAPACITY

**Underlying Unit Cost per CTK at constant FX** 



COSTS WELL CONTROLLED - ABSOLUTE COSTS FLAT DESPITE VOLUME GROWTH

Underlying = excluding long-haul freighter impacts



## **Strategic priorities**

**ISSUE** 

COMMODITISATION

EXCESS MARKET CAPACITY

DIVERGENT MARKETS

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

DIFFERENTIATION
VIA PREMIUM
PRODUCTS

COST EFFICIENCY & VARIABILITY

FLEXIBLE
REGIONAL
STRATEGIES &
PARTNERSHIPS









Cargo

**Priorities** 

## **Optimising return for IAG**



A **NEW** BUSINESS



INNOVATIVE OPERATING MODEL



**PIONEERING INTEGRATION WITHIN IAG** 



**CLEAR STRATEGIC PRIORITIES** 

# Avios

Our take on loyalty



## **Our journey**



### **Customer loyalty**





## **Avios Group Limited**



### What is the Avios currency

#### **Customer Profile**

- High affluence and propensity to travel for business and leisure
- Preference to save for an aspirational reward of greater value

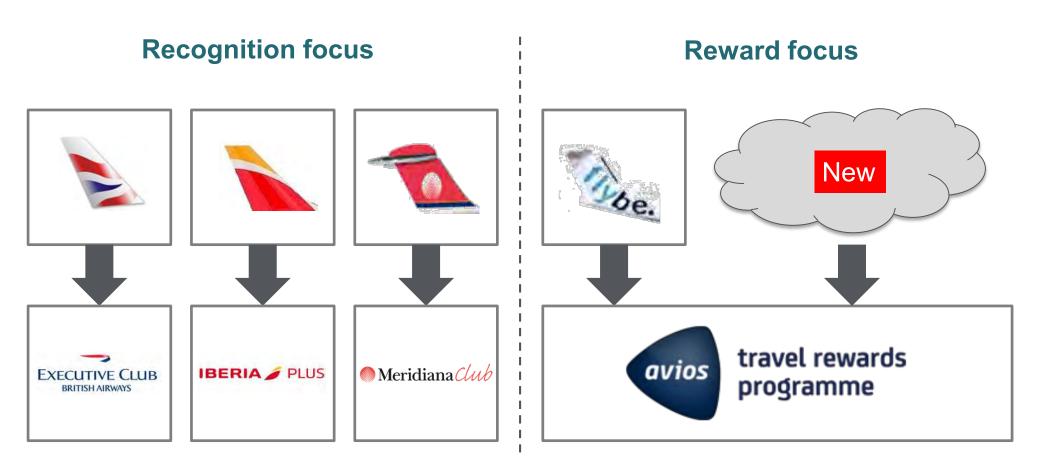
#### **Breadth of Reward**

- Travel is an aspirational reward that can change behaviour
- High value full fare flight redemptions and part payment flight redemptions
- A broad range of non-flight travel rewards

#### **Flexible Currency**

- Operates across four airline FFP's: BA Executive Club, Iberia Plus, Meridiana Club and Flybe
- Operates within two frequent buyer programmes in the UK and SA

### Flexible business model for air partners

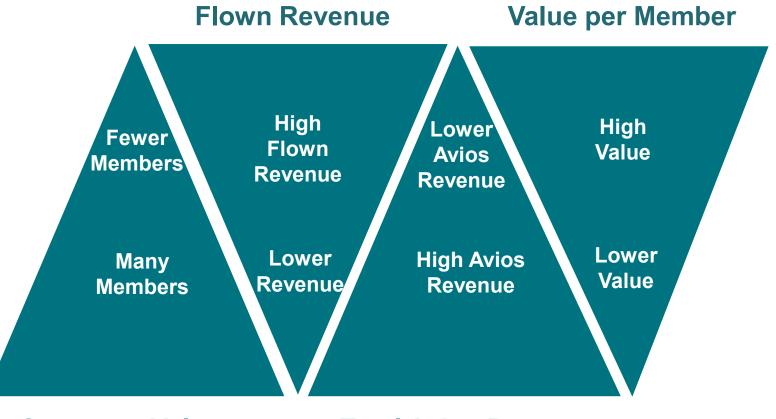


#### **Customer opportunity**









**Customer Volume** 

**Total Avios Revenue** 

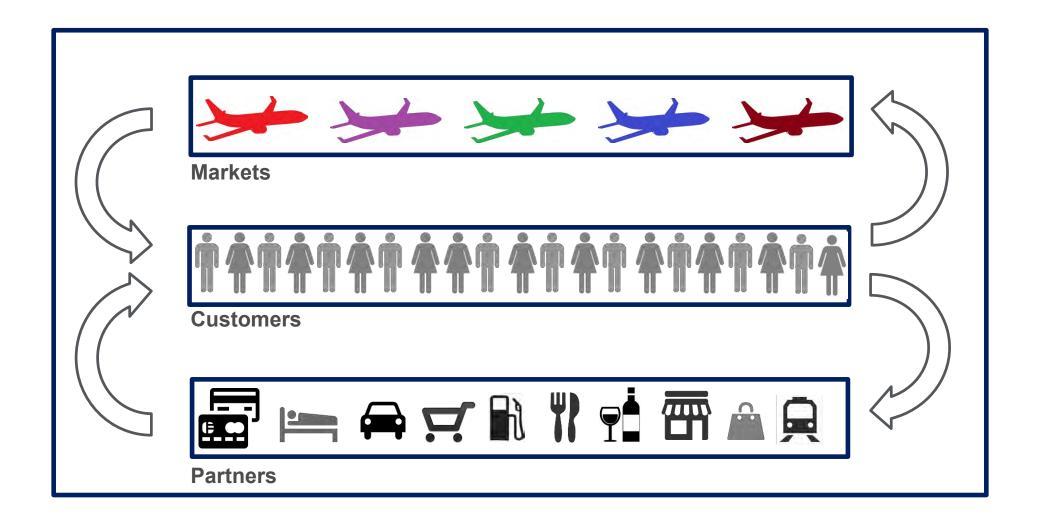
#### **IAG Opportunity**

#### How Avios is beneficial to IAG and it's airlines

- High margin business model
- Low capital operations
- Generates a positive cash flow
- Generates new revenues and cash flows from third parties
- High growth potential from future IAG airline acquisitions and non-IAG airline partners
- Greater customer loyalty towards IAG airlines
- High opportunity for customer acquisition



#### Creates relevance and reach



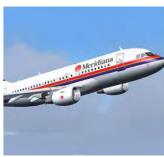
### **Building customer relevance**

Achieved through a blend of...

#### **Compelling travel** propositions







#### **Digital** innovation



#### **Locally relevant partners**





















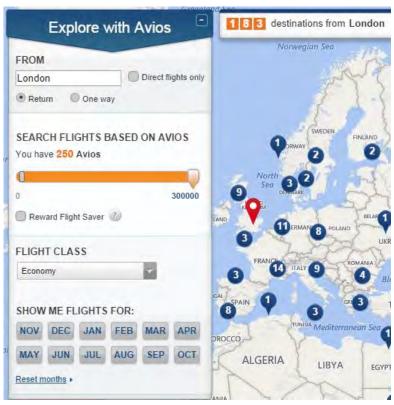




#### How do members use their Avios

#### Avios has revolutionised redemption through...

# More redemption airlines and journey improvement



# Introduced Pay with Avios



# Introduced Ancillary redemption







**Avios** 

### Delivering customer engagement



Customer experience enhancements



Intuitive mechanics for collection and redemption



**Engagement** 



Triggered communication through proximity / iBeacon



Greater opportunities to collect and redeem

**Avios** 

Engagement

# Fleet

Fleet harmonisation:
low operating cost, lean and flexible capex



### Our fleet goals: low capex, flexible allocation



#### **LOWEST COST**

Lowest purchase cost

Lowest operating cost



#### REDUCED CAPITAL INTENSITY

Lower long term maintenance cost

Lower future modification cost

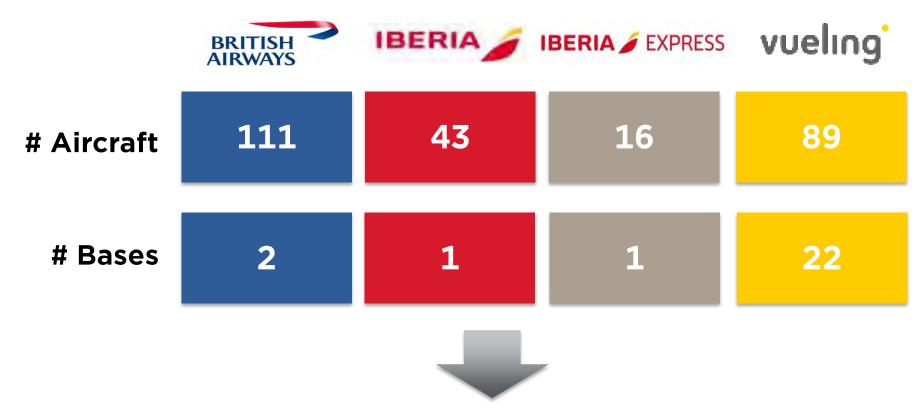
Whilst leaving OpCo brand freedom



#### **GREATEST FLEXIBILITY**

Ability to shift capital allocation between OpCos within minimum time and expense

#### IAG's A320 fleet: one of the largest in Europe



Non-harmonised specifications lead to higher purchase cost, higher maintenance cost and make intra-fleet transfers almost impossible



#### Door 1 Area: unremarkable at first

Forward toilet



Forward galley



### Door 1 Area: items harmonised/made interoperable



- G2A galley
- G1 cooling
- Galley structures
- Toilet doors
- Toilet water/tap systems
- Toilets options (materials, mirrors, vases, colours)
- Flooring
- Cabin attendant seats coverings
- Closet/storage configurations
- Varied locations of emergency equipment
- Different emergency exit signage
- Water quantity pre-selection system

# G2A: no longer wet or no longer present



# **G1** Cooling: provisions installed in two OpCos





# Galleys structures: config. & suppliers harmonised





#### **Toilet doors: harmonised**



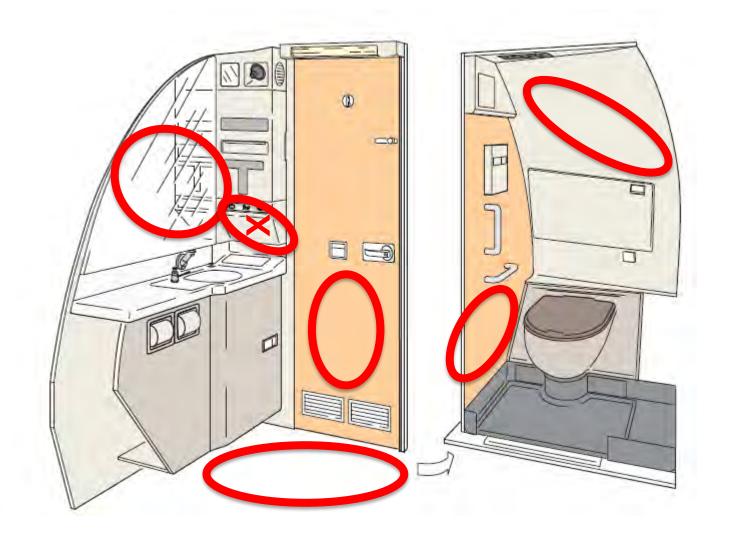
VS.



# **Toilet tap: harmonised**



# Toilet materials, mirrors, vases, colours: harmonised





## Floors: harmonised





# Cabin attendant seat coverings: harmonised





# Storage configuration: harmonised or interoperable





#### **Emergency equipment: locations & signage harmonised**

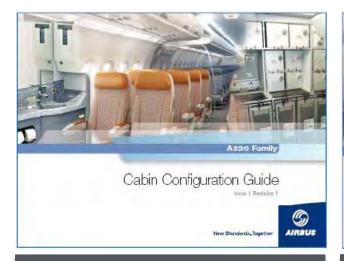


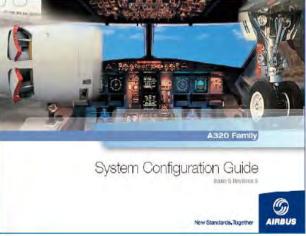


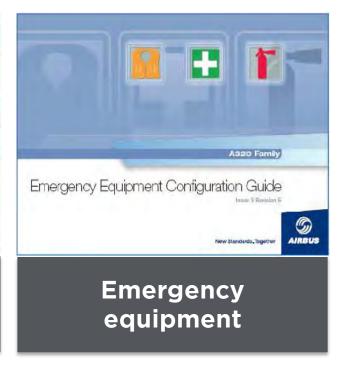
#### Water quantity pre-selection system: removed



### In total, approx. 400 choices across 250 categories







**Cabin Configuration** 

~ 150 items across
 108 categories

**Avionics &** 

**Systems** 

~ 40 categories

~ 220 items across
 170 categories

Fleet
Harmonisation
Choices

### Cockpit windows: 3 airlines & 3 suppliers





Experience with all suppliers: we can select the most reliable 30kg difference per aircraft between lightest and heaviest (representing €2,800 fuel burn saving per aircraft per year)



### 4th occupancy seat in cockpit: present in 2 OpCos



Second jump seat in cabin weighs 12kg, cost ~€50,000 and creates a stream of maintenance checks/cost



#### Cost reductions per aircraft vs. current OpCo specs

Total cost saving (per a/c)	€500K - €1M
Avionics/Systems - removed items	approx. 40% of the saving
Cabin definition - removed items	30%
Group joint procurement savings	30%
Cabin provisions to allow for interbrand flexibility	(1%)





#### Weight reductions per aircraft vs. current specs

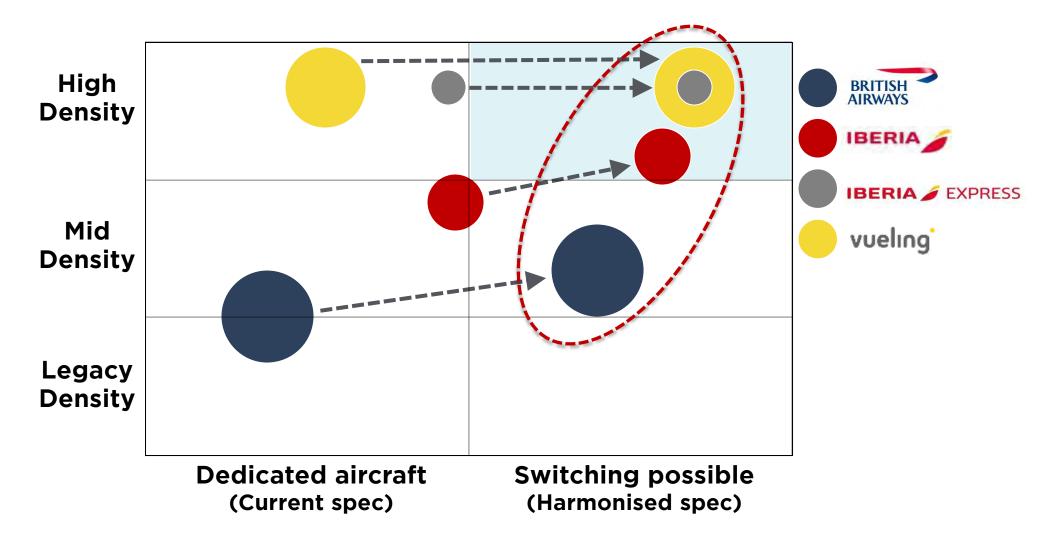
Total weight reduction (per a/c)	220kg - 470kg
Seats: moving to lightest/best-in-class	100kg - 380 kg
Removed items	80kg - 120 kg



Produces savings of between €20,000 and €45,000 per aircraft per year in reduced fuel burn, and reduces emissions



#### A harmonised fleet will be able to flex across brands





#### Harmonised aircraft will be transferable in-service



#### And:

- Easier to divert before delivery
- Allows for maintenance in multiple sites



#### The recent Iberia A330-200 configuration process

- IB has confirmed 8 A330-200s for delivery starting December 2015
- A330 specification process took 2 months. Historically this took 6-18 months
  - British Airways also involved in the process
- Spec philosophy has changed we now start with a zero-base design
  - Starting with assumption of maximum density & minimum weight and deviate only when there is strong revenue case
  - Network-wide deployment trumps sub-fleet optimisation
  - Implications for future wide body fleets for all OpCos considered
- The A330-200 base specification weighs 750 Kg less than the A330-300
  - We continue to explore opportunities to reduce cost and weight

## Iberia's forthcoming cabin configuration...

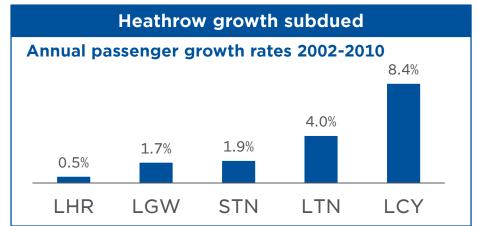


# **British Airways**



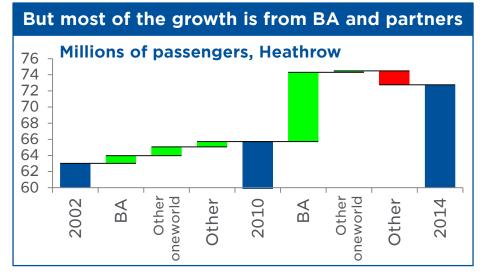
## Lack of slots and infrastructure hindered growth historically...

The past





- Limited scale to operate efficient hub
- Cannibalisation of short-haul to fund long-haul growth



Although growth at Heathrow has been constrained, BA and its partners have gained share at the airport particularly since 2010 - not only from bmi

Source: CAA passenger numbers

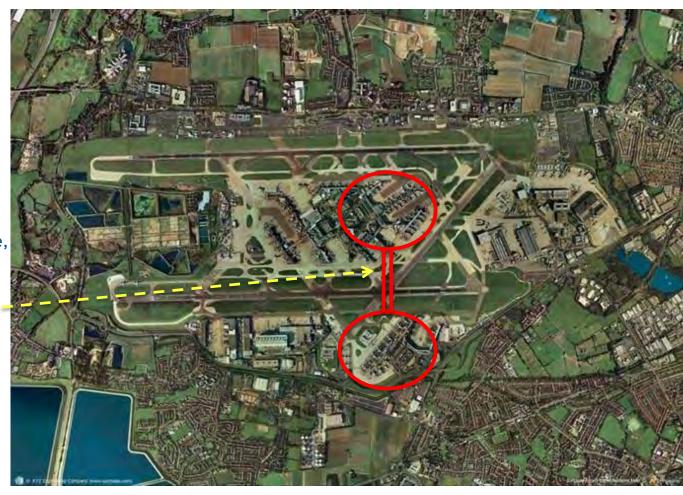




### ...and in past our facilities at Heathrow were poor

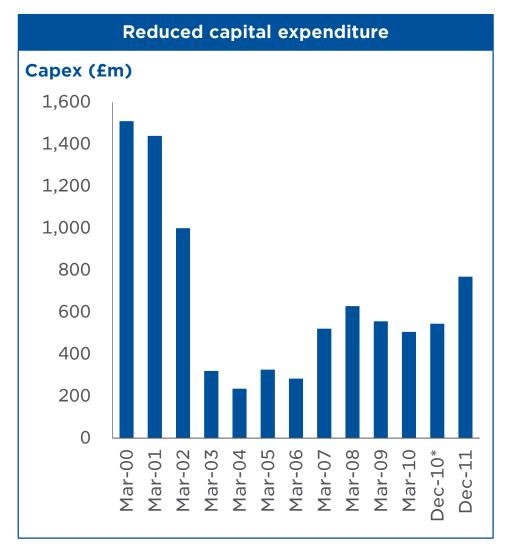
#### **Heathrow circa 2000:**

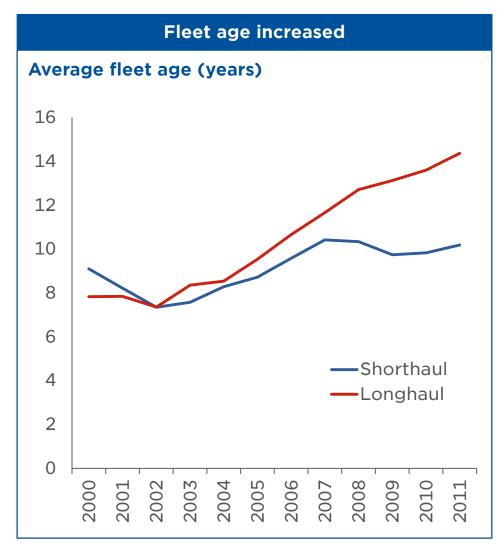
- Split between two terminals, with a live runway in between
- Inefficient labour deployment
- Archaic industrial agreements
- Poor customer experience, particularly for transfer and baggage
- Severe capacity restrictions in baggage tunnel





### ...and performance led to a capex holiday





\*9 months

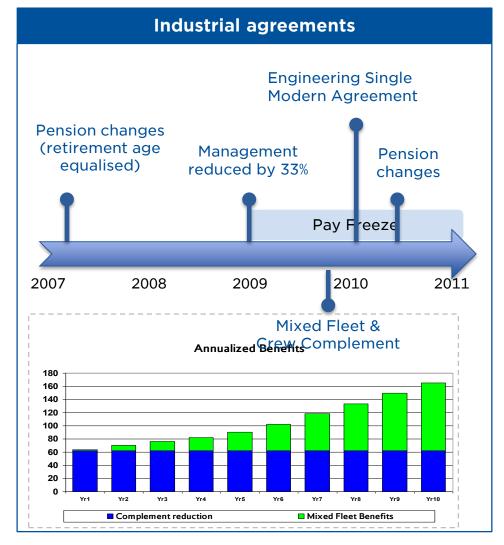




The past

## We pushed through infrastructure / industrial change 2007-10...

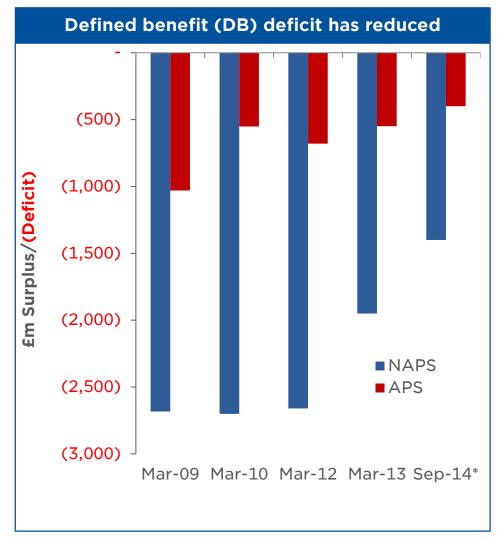
## Better operational performance and efficiency 15 min punctuality 60 % 55 % T5 open 50 % Rolling 12 months Heathrow manpower has reduced with T5 8,000 7,500 1250 reduction 7.000 6,500 6.000 BRITISH AIRWAYS Preliminary 2008/09 full year results May 22, 2009

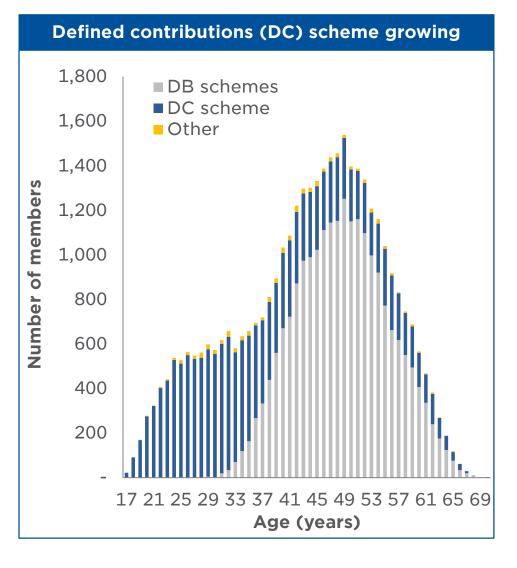






## ...with pensions reform...





<sup>\*</sup> BA estimate





### ...allowing us to place major orders for new-gen aircraft

Example: 9 months to Q3 2014 A380 flight vs. B747-400 flight LHRLAX



#### Cost per ASK change

**Total -20%** Fuel -19%



Seats +61% (469 vs. avg. 317) Trip cost +20%

## BA's schedule has changed to accommodate the extra capacity of the A380

LAX Summer 2013 daily schedule



#### **ASKs**

+5% premium
-7% non-premium

LAX Summer 2014 daily schedule



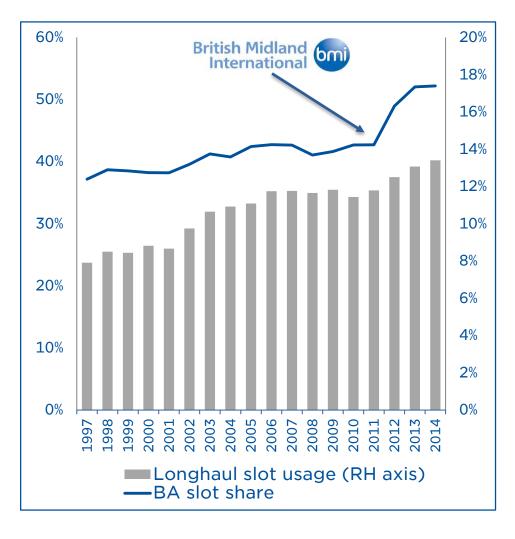
Total seats per day -1% (richer mix)
Total trip cost per day -20%







### ...and acquire slots offering future opportunity...



- bmi provided 42 slots (after maximum remedies) of which approximately a third were earmarked for future long-haul growth
  - By summer 2015, eight longhaul services will have been added to the schedule
  - In the summer season, we have also permanently acquired another six slot pairs outside of the bmi slot portfolio
- Majority of the bmi slots still available for longhaul growth subject to:
  - Strict RolC criteria
  - Further progress on reducing APD

We currently have 52% of LHR slots

Source: OAG summer season slots





### ...to develop our eastbound long-haul network...

New aircraft to better match supply to demand

- India Hyderabad and Chennai down-gauged to 787
- 787 on developing routes

Visa restrictions easing

- Single UK / Europe application for Chinese visitors
- Schengen visa now valid for connections to Europe through Heathrow

Hyderabad

Daily freq. and 787 Return on sale improvement

 $13\%_{\text{pts}}$ 

More competitive schedules

- Haneda flight timings improved
- Hyderabad and Chennai frequency increases

Tokyo

Retimed flight

Return on sale improvement

 $23\%_{\text{pts}}$ 

**Partner support** 

JAL and Finnair joint business maturing

Opportunities to grow subject to ROIC criteria

- Seoul launched December 2012
- Chengdu launched September 2013
- BA to return to Kuala Lumpur in summer 2015



Maturing route

Return on sale improvement

 $2\%_{\text{pts}}$ 

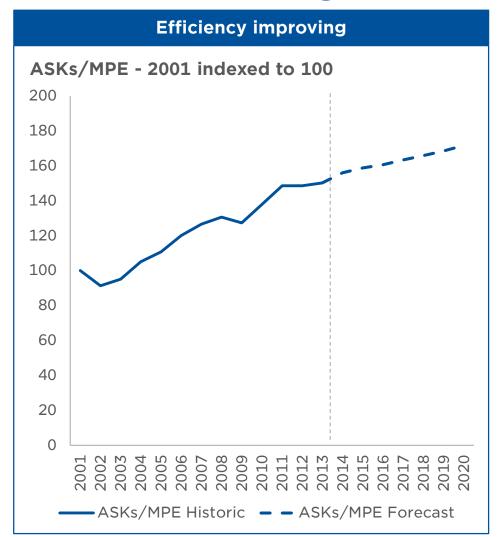


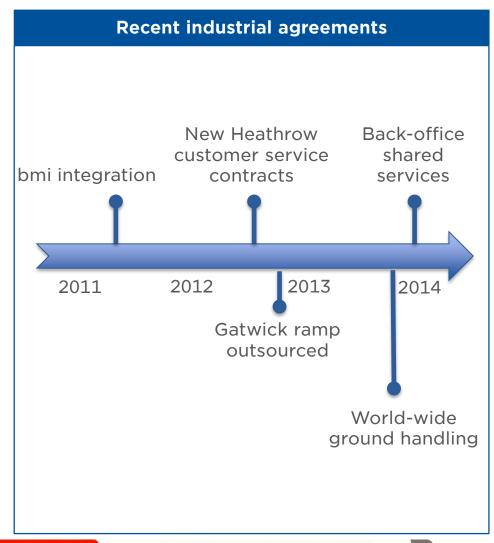
British Airways

Future opportunity



## ...subject to a "never ending" industrial modernisation agenda

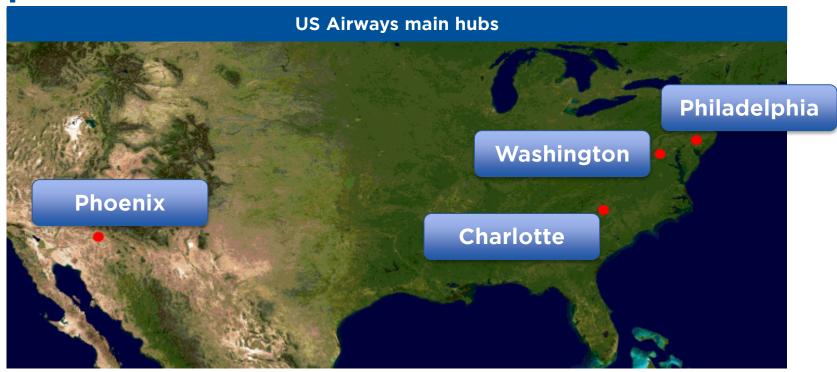








## We also have further potential to leverage our partners



#### **Atlantic Joint Business**

- New American adds 2 East Coast hubs and 62 new US domestic destinations
- AA extra frequency to PHL from S15
- AA 2<sup>nd</sup> Charlotte flight to LHR from Sept 14

#### **Rest of World**

- Qatar opportunity
- China codeshare rights
- Comair franchise renewed



**British Airways** 

Future opportunity

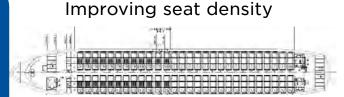


### We will improve our short-haul asset turn

Seat density increase by 6%

- Allows BA to continue using slots for long-haul growth
- New seats popular with customers
- Further opportunity for density increase with NEO aircraft

Growth in 2015 setting solid foundations



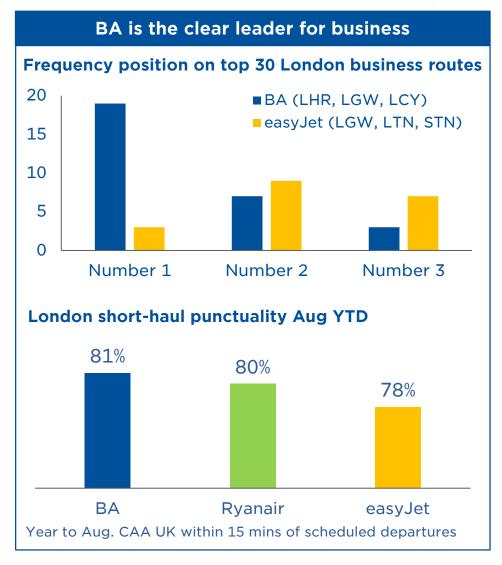
- Growth in 2015 through:
  - · Airbus seat density increases
  - LGW slot return (10 pairs) from Aer Lingus
  - · LGW sector length increase

Improving aircraft utilisation



 Terminal consolidation and improved scheduling remove two aircraft for summer 2015 on a likefor-like schedule

### ...and work on maximising short-haul slot usage



#### Targeted leisure will further optimise the network

- Short-haul priority is to develop the business network and feed longhaul flights
- Targeted leisure added during off-peak to increase network optimisation
  - Example: Ibiza introduced to replace an off-peak business frequency improving network
- New leisure for S15 to replace weaker business flights
- Kos, Split and Corfu

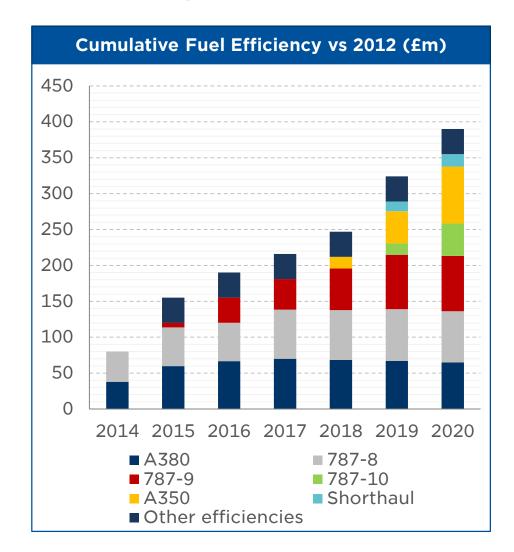
  Marginal contribution (Summer 14)

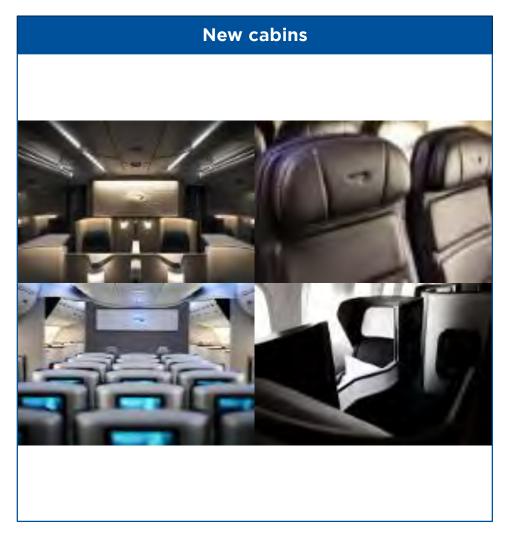
  Off-peak business 2x weekly





### Fleet re-generation has only just begun







### We are becoming more efficient at Heathrow

## T3/T5 Terminal consolidation

- Ground handling and crew efficiencies
- T3-T5 baggage system complete end 2015
- Increased aircraft utilisation

## Reduced coaching

- 95% T5 on-pier since T5C
- T3 services now on-pier
- Reduced cost & complexity, higher customer satisfaction

## Space rationalisation

- Reduced lounge footprint after T1 exit
- Reduced office, storage and restroom space

#### **Digital**

- Customer contact details up from 32% to 82% resulting in 75% fewer passengers to a desk during disruption
- Targeting "100% ready to fly" driving efficiencies at check-in

**British Airways** 



#### ...and we continue to cut our cost base across the board

## **Ground** handling

- New LHR customer services contract 60% of legacy cost with more flexible T&Cs
- Goal of 66% new contract by 2020 through voluntary redundancy

#### **Engineering**

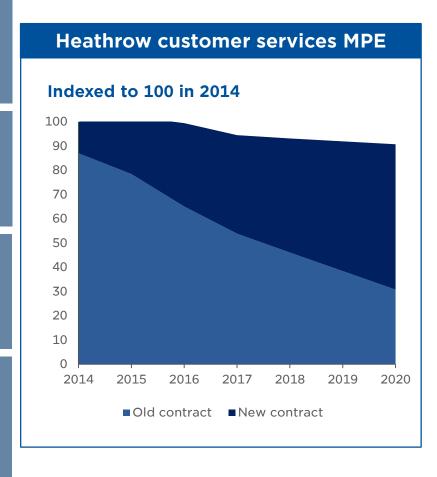
- 2.5% MPE reduction 2016-19 due to mobile maintenance and Lean projects
- Pay in line with market rate by 2020

#### **Suppliers**

- Q6 settlement
- Removing G4S at Domestic gates

#### **Pilots**

- Scheduling changes will improve operational robustness, overtime reduction
- Changes in Jan 15 are last step to make pilot productivity market competitive
- New starter scales & ab-initio recruitment provides foundations for the future







### We will also transform the airport experience

100% customer arrive at airport ready to fly

- 80% of customers' data identified through Know Me
- Auto check-in for P2P domestics
- Pre-flight notifications

Customer enabled journey with 100% able to self serve

- Next generation bag-drop
- Self boarding gates
- Digital customer journey

Greater personalisation for our premium customers

- Personalised message delivery
- Next gen premium experience

**Smoother** connections

- New T3 connection centre
- Gate info pushed to mobile device
- Satellite to satellite transfers









### **Summary**

- Heathrow's recent growth has been due to BA and its partners
- Opportunities for disciplined long-haul growth
- Continuing improvements in operating cost
- Improved operational and customer performance

2015 operating profit target of £1.3bn reiterated (~10% margin)

IAG long-term planning goal 2016-2020: 10% to 14% operating profit margin 12%+ sustainable RolC





## Iberia



## We have delivered on what we told you two years ago

2012 CMD objectives achieved



**To stop** Iberia's **operating cash burn** by mid-2013



To give Iberia a competitive cost base for long-term growth (15% capacity and 4,500 workforce reduction)



To fund the transformation entirely through lberia's own resources

Plan de Futuro...

- Comprehensive plan aimed to radically change the company
- 30 initiatives across all key areas of the company
- Continuous monitoring by top management
- Full commitment to delivery

... is shaping the Iberia of the future

- Plan de Futuro will allow Iberia to reach positive results in 2014 after 6 years of losses...
- ... provides Iberia with an attractive strategic positioning in core markets (specially Europe-LatAm)
- ...sets the basis for profitability and long-term growth
  - Margins in IAG target range from 2017 onwards
  - Strong growth prospects
  - Free cash generation from 2014





### Leadership in Europe-LatAm. How?



Iberia

- Supported by the ongoing transformation (Plan de Futuro) ...
- ... and further underpinned by the operating, financial and strategic benefits of being part of IAG

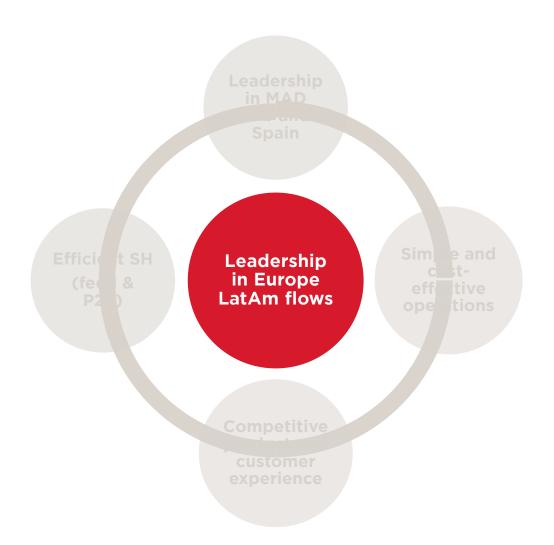








## Leadership in Europe-LatAm. How?



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- ... and further underpinned by the operating, financial and strategic benefits of being part of IAG

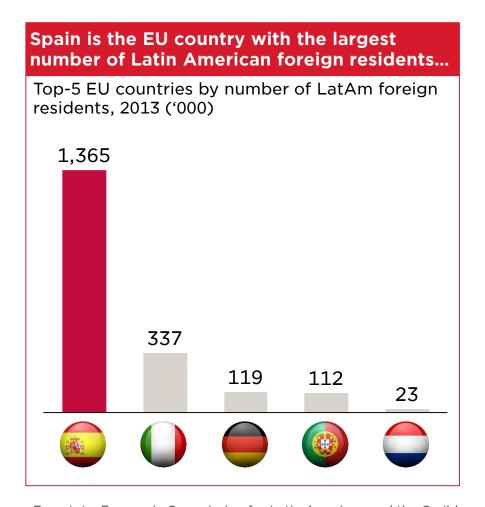


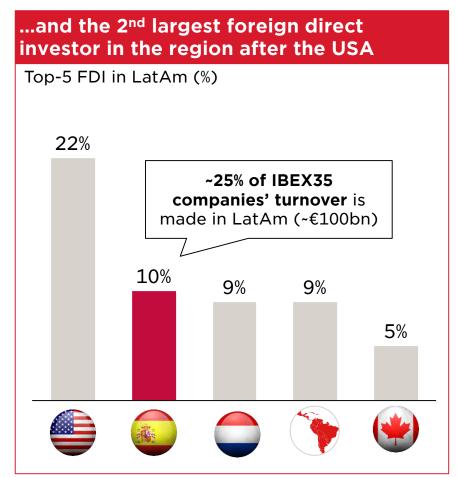




## LatAm is Iberia's natural market due to our cultural and commercial links







Source: Eurostats; Economic Commission for Latin American and the Caribbean; Expansión newspaper based on Spanish Ministry of Economy and Competitiveness









## Spain is the largest market with LatAm which gives Iberia a competitive advantage in its MAD





Passengers Daily from/to EU-LatAM ('000)

m/to	ES	IT	FR	DE	GB	PT	NL	Rest of Europe
BR 🔵	1,5	2,2	2,2	1,5	1,6	2,2		2,7
MX 💿	1,8		1,4	1,0	1,2	•		1,5
AR 💿	1,9					•	•	
co	1,3	•				0	•	
VE 🔵	1,2		•	•	•	•	D	•
PE (🎳		•		•	•	0	•	
t of LatAm	2,7		1,7	1,0		•		1,6
Total	11,1	5,6	6,8	4,6	4,7	2,7	2,	0 7,7

Source: Internal analysis, LatAm excludes Caribbean

Iberia



Rest

Leadership in Europe-LatAm

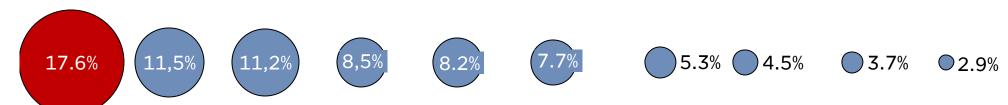


## The Iberia of the future should leverage on its historic leadership to Latin America



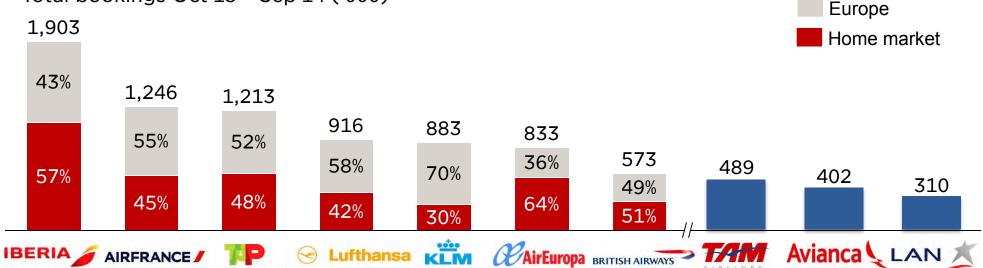
#### **Europe - Latin America market share**

% Oct'13 - Sep'14



#### **Europe - Latin America traffic**

Total bookings Oct'13 - Sep'14 ('000)



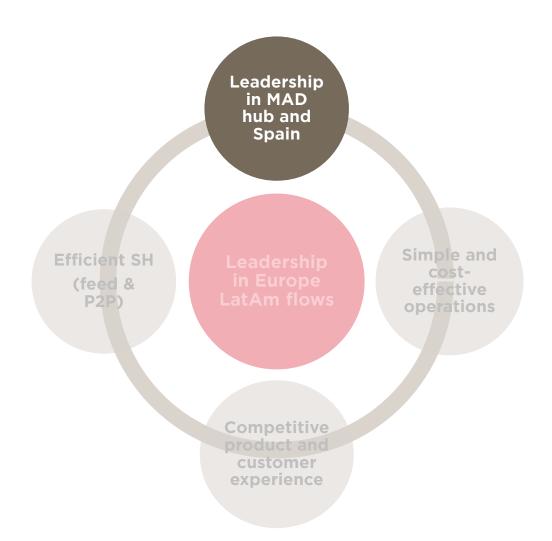
Source: CRS (Latin America excluding Caribbean)







## Leadership in Europe-LatAm. How?



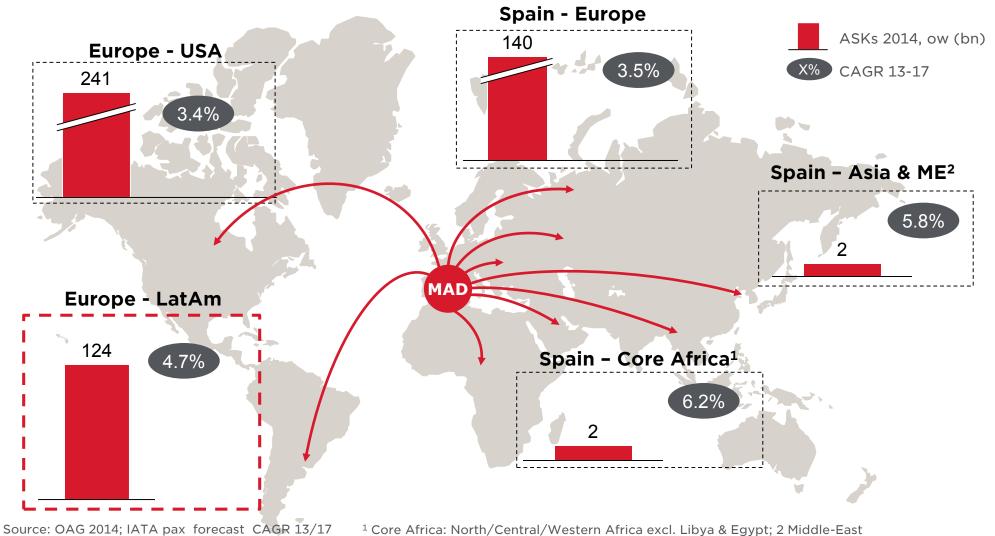
- Supported by the ongoing transformation (Plan de Futuro) ...
- ... and further underpinned by the operating, financial and strategic benefits of being part of IAG





## LatAm is a very attractive market, but there are other opportunities to be captured





Leadership in MAD hub and Spain

Iberia



## Barajas is a best-in-class hub and Iberia's home, the leading airline in the airport





- State-of-the-art infrastructure with ample capacity to accommodate traffic growth
- 5<sup>th</sup> largest airport in Europe (4 runways with capacity for 120 operations per hour)
- T4 "3<sup>rd</sup> best terminal worldwide" (Skytrax, 2013) and Fast Travel Gold Award (IATA, 2012)

- Iberia as the #1 carrier
  - 13m passengers (vs. 5m of next carrier)
  - 110 destinations (vs. 45 of next carrier)
- Continuous Iberia/AENA operational improvements (10min reduction in MCT with 1,200 additional connections)

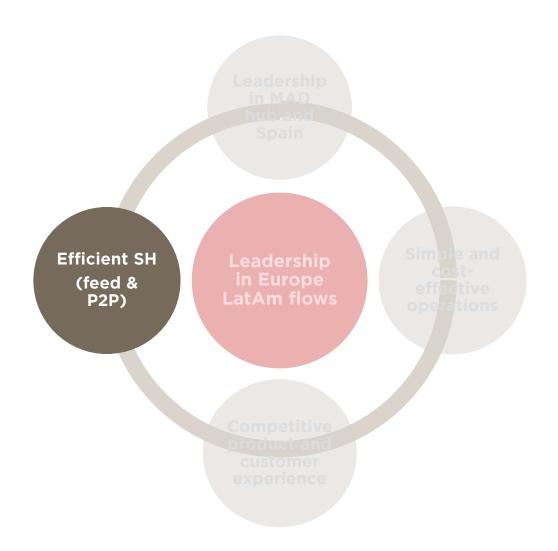








## Leadership in Europe-LatAm. How?



Iberia

- Supported by the ongoing transformation (Plan de Futuro) ...
- ... and further underpinned by the operating, financial and strategic benefits of being part of IAG



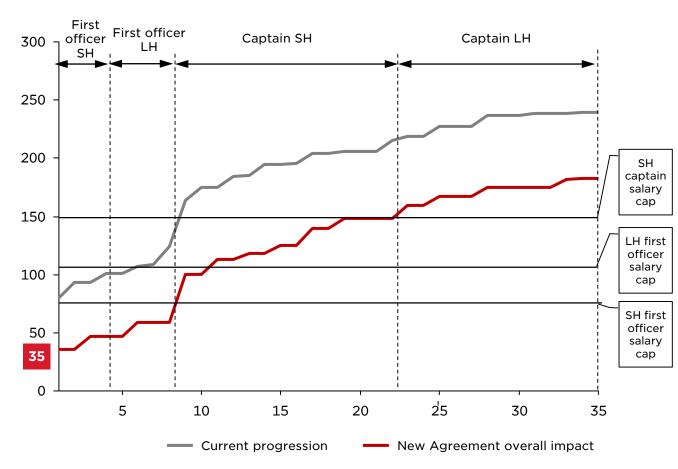


## Iberia is well-positioned to have a competitive and efficient SH feeding



- More efficient cost structure on the back of salary reductions and new entry levels
- Significant productivity improvements: flying hours in line with competitors and increased flexibility in shifts and schedules
- Operational excellence: ~90% on-time performance 2014YTD vs. ~62% in 2011
- Strong Iberia brand in home market: by far the most widely known airline across all regions of Spain

#### Typical Flight Crew¹ salary progression (€'000/year)



<sup>1</sup> First officer short-haul: years 1-4; First officer long-haul: years 5-8; Captain short-haul: years 9-22; Captain long-haul: years 23-35

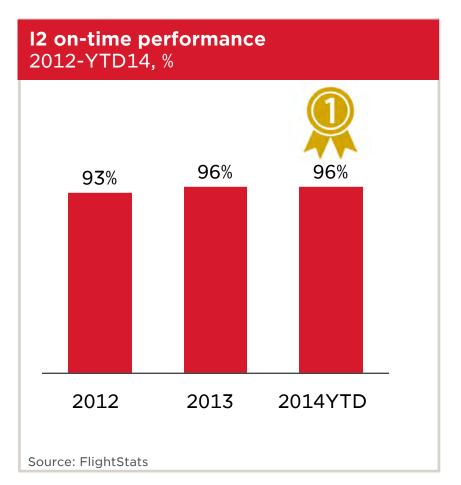




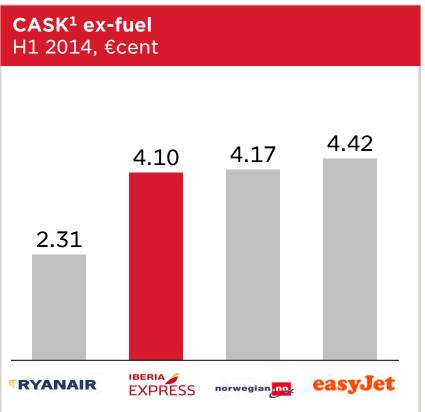


# Iberia Express is a successful model able to compete against LCCs and a cornerstone in the strategy of Iberia





Iberia



<sup>1</sup> Stage length adjusted. I2 CASK adjusted to remove business class/feeding related cost for like-to-like comparison Source: Company presentations

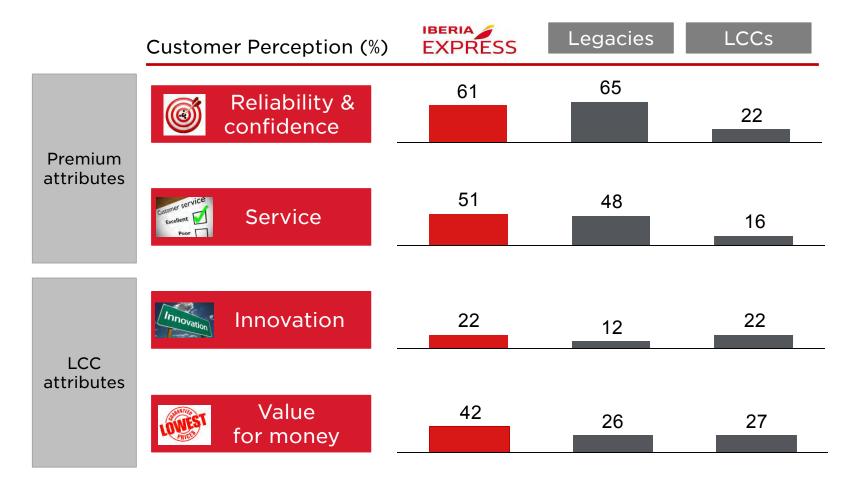






## Iberia Express model: the best of a LCC with the attributes of a traditional carrier



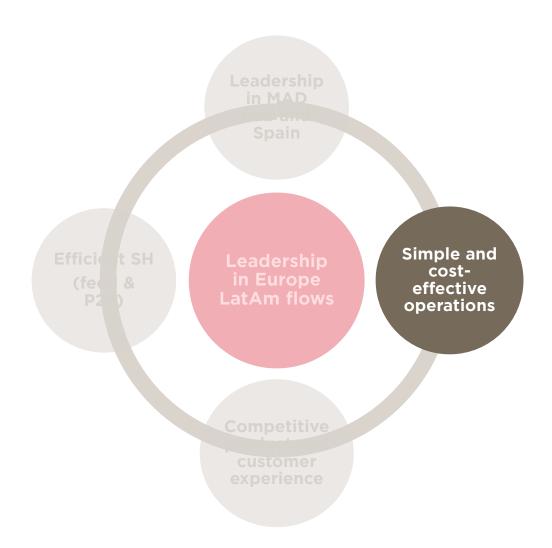


Source: MilwardBrown; Response to the question: Which one of these airlines do you believe that are...?





## Leadership in Europe-LatAm. How?



- Supported by the ongoing transformation (Plan de Futuro) ...
- ... and further underpinned by the operating, financial and strategic benefits of being part of IAG



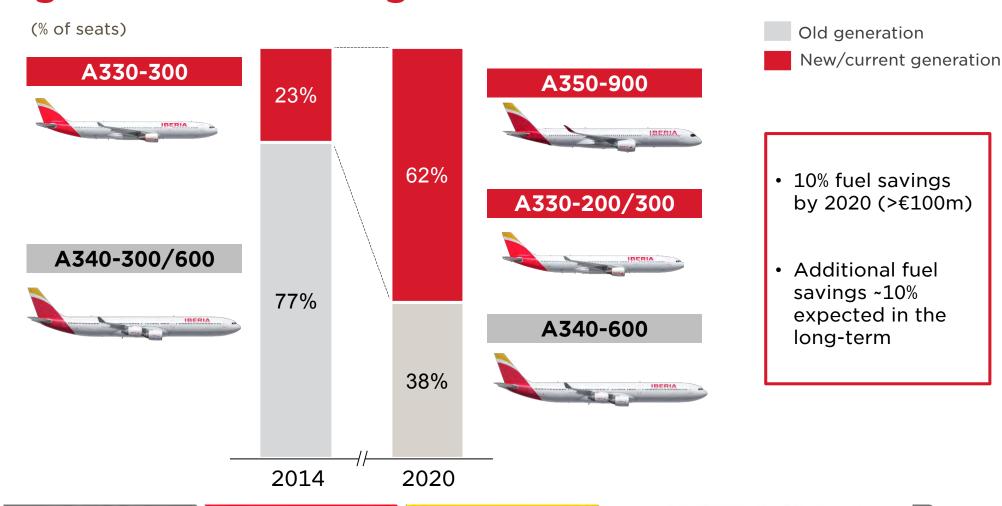






## We are enhancing our LH fleet, consistent with our network strategy, ensuring flexibility and significant fuel savings





IAG

## Plan de Futuro initiatives are leading to a simplement and more flexible company





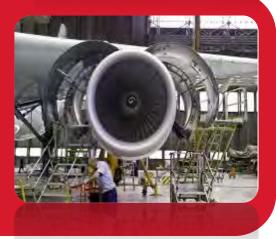
Lean airline operations



Overhead optimisation



Profitable MRO



Profitable HDL



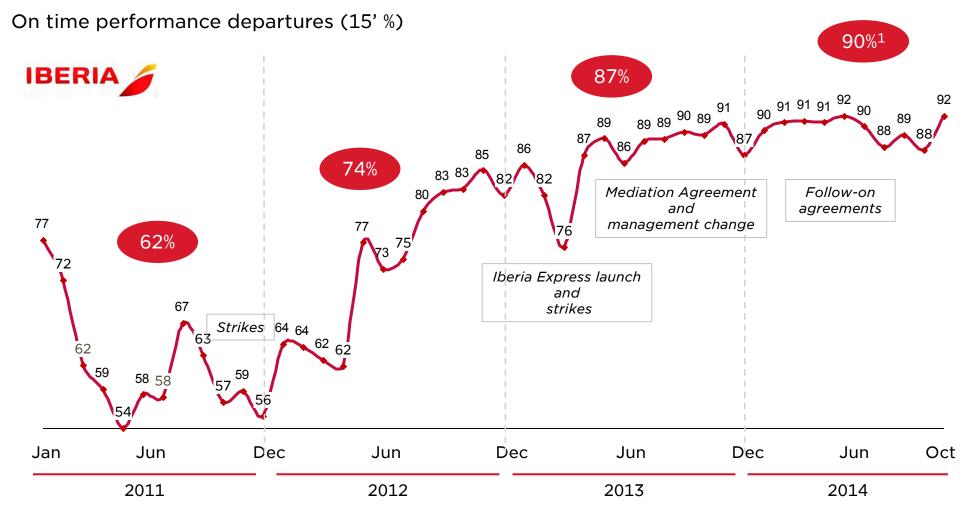






## Significant operational improvements are leading Iberia to a world-class punctuality













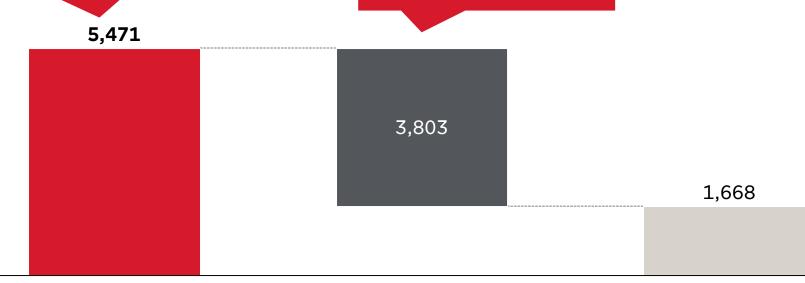
## By year-end we should have completed 70% of the labour restructuring program, reaching ~3,800 exits...



Total personnel exits (# headcounts)



70% of labour restructuring already completed by end of 2014



Total exits 2013-17

2013-14

2015-17<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Maximum number of exits; final figure will depend on actual number of employees that apply for (voluntary basis)



Iberia

Simple and costeffective operations

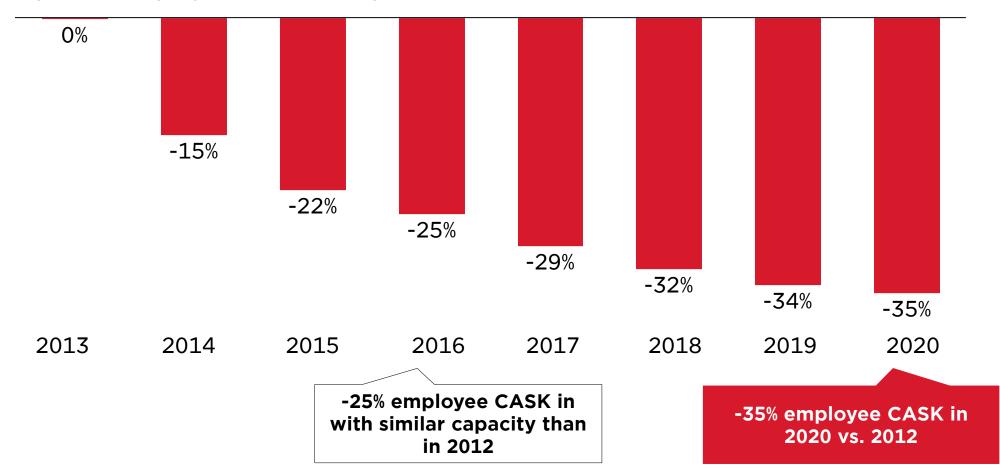


### ... and the overall impact is expected to reduce employee CASK by ~35% in 2020



Expected employee CASK savings versus 2012 (%)

Iberia



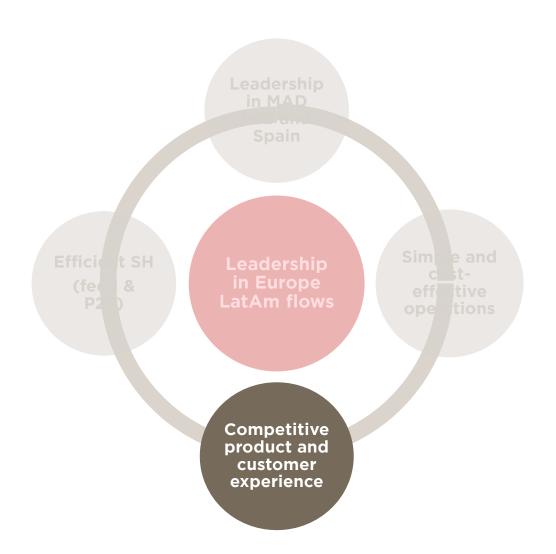








#### Leadership in Europe-LatAm. How?



Iberia

- Supported by the ongoing transformation (Plan de Futuro) ...
- ... and further underpinned by the operating, financial and strategic benefits of being part of IAG









# Iberia implements a product-service offering and Customer Experience consistent with its positioning in revenues and costs...









These improvements are being implemented under a cost-effective mindset to maintain cost positioning (joint-tenders, service re-design)

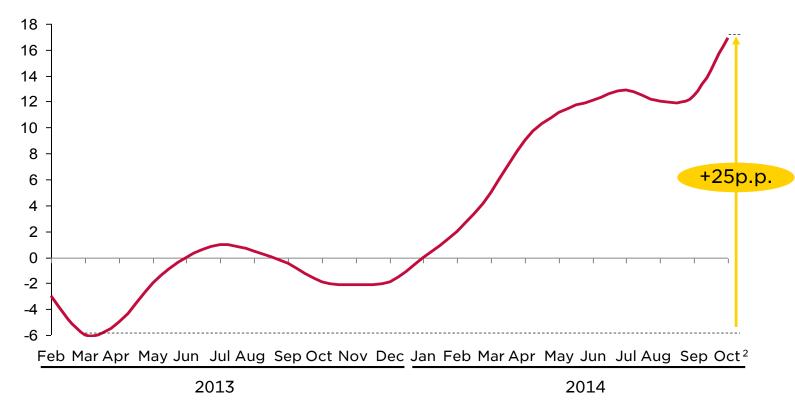


Competitive product and customer experience



## ...which has already showed very positive results in customer satisfaction, eventually improving lberia's revenues

Iberia Net Promoter Score<sup>1</sup> Feb'13-Oct'14 (%)



#### **Spend & loyalty**

21% make >50% travel with Iberia (vs. 2% of unsatisfied)

#### Recommendation

X4 recommendation propensity (vs "neutral" customer)

Source: IB CX; BCG market survey to Spanish consumers)

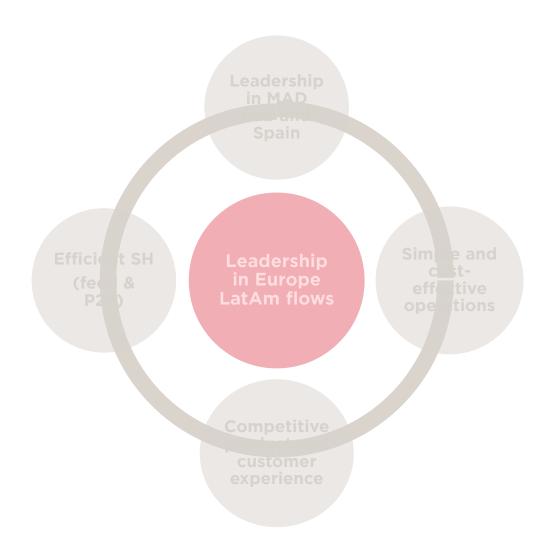




<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net Promoter Scores measures difference between promoters (9-10 grade) and detractors (0-6 grade)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Last four weeks average (21/10 - 11/11)

#### Leadership in Europe-LatAm. How?



- Supported by the ongoing transformation (Plan de Futuro) ...
- ... and further underpinned by the operating, financial and strategic benefits of being part of IAG

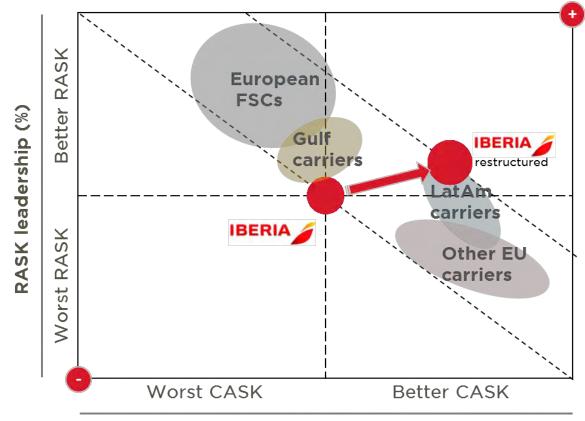




# The implementation of Plan de Futuro should provide Iberia with an attractive competitive stance in EU-LatAm market



Total CASK and RASK relative to Iberia (incl. SH and LH)



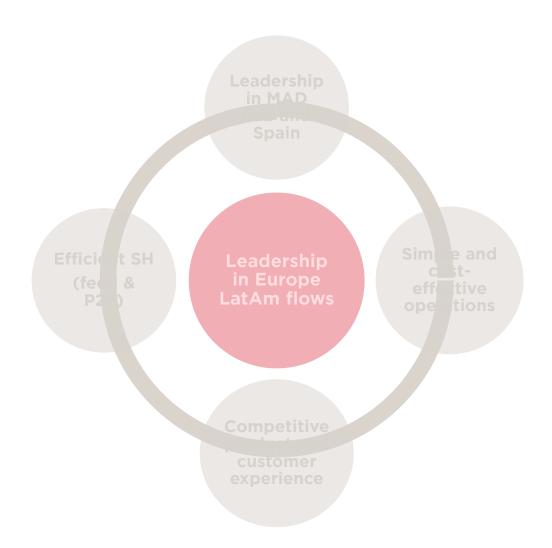
CASK leadership (%)

<sup>1</sup> From investor reports and airlines annual presentations Source: AEA 2012 for European carriers and 2013 annual reports for rest of carriers. Stage length adjusted





#### Leadership in Europe-LatAm. How?



- Supported by the ongoing transformation (Plan de Futuro) ...
- ... and further underpinned by the operating, financial and strategic benefits of being part of IAG





# There are significant opportunities that the IAG offers in order to reach Iberia's strategic ambitious objectives



What does IAG add to Iberia?

Financial strength



Fleet renewal opportunities



Enhanced strategic relevance



Revenue and cost synergy benefits



Significant cooperation opportunities



What does Iberia add to IAG?

Solid leadership in the South Atlant



**Unique upside** potential



Strong cash contributor to IAG



Sharing of cost optimisation best-practices







## In summary, Iberia is best-positioned to continue being the leader in the Europe-LatAm market



Iberia

- Supported by the ongoing transformation (Plan de Futuro) ...
- ... and further underpinned by the operating, financial and strategic benefits of being part of IAG









### Plan de Futuro is delivering now and setting the basis of the Iberia of the future

- Plan de Futuro will allow Iberia to reach positive results in 2014 after 6 years of losses...
- ... provides Iberia with an attractive strategic positioning in core markets (specially Europe-LatAm)
- ...sets the basis for profitability and long-term growth
  - Margins in IAG target range from 2017 onwards
  - Strong growth prospects
  - Free cash generation from 2014



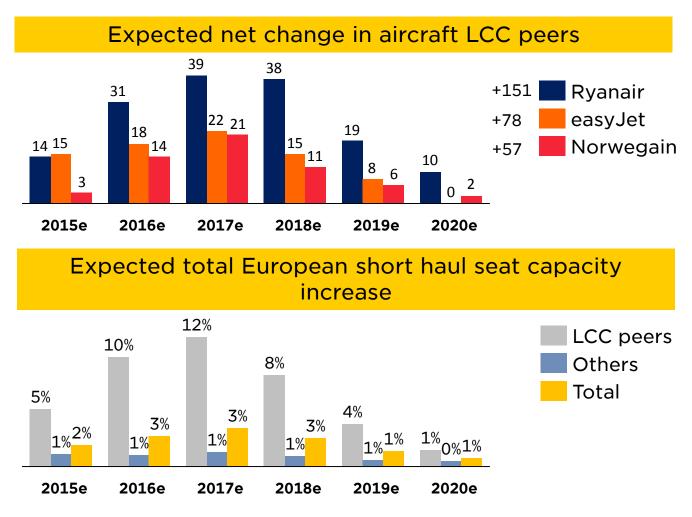




## Vueling



#### **Capacity outlook European market**



- LCC peers growth ramps up from 2015
- A more competitive scenario is expected from 2016 to 2018
- Total market capacity expected to grow above GDP estimates in the short term

Source: Vueling estimates and companies results presentations



#### Competitors are becoming more "sophisticated"

RYANAIR

easyJet

norwegian .no

Allocated seating

**GDS** distribution

**Business fare** 

2nd small handbag

New website

Allocated seating

New GDS agreements

Flexible fares

Easy Jet Plus cards

Corporate Accounts

Business oriented network

**GDS** 

Flexible fares

Fast track

**Business class** 

Frequent flyer program

Wi-Fi on Board

Long haul flights

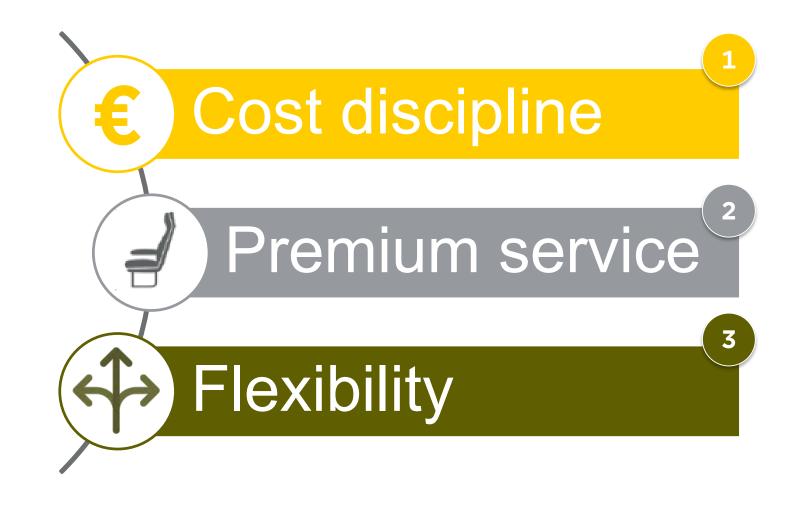
Premium product



Vueling

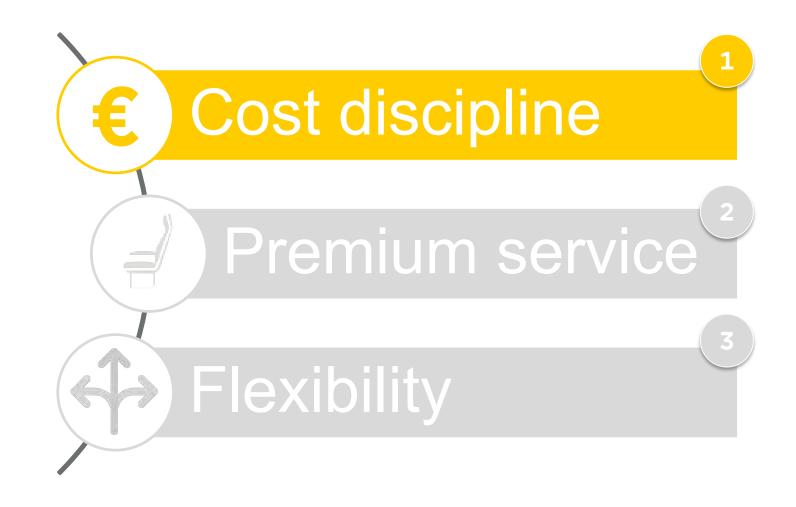
Premium

#### Three pillars of attack and defence



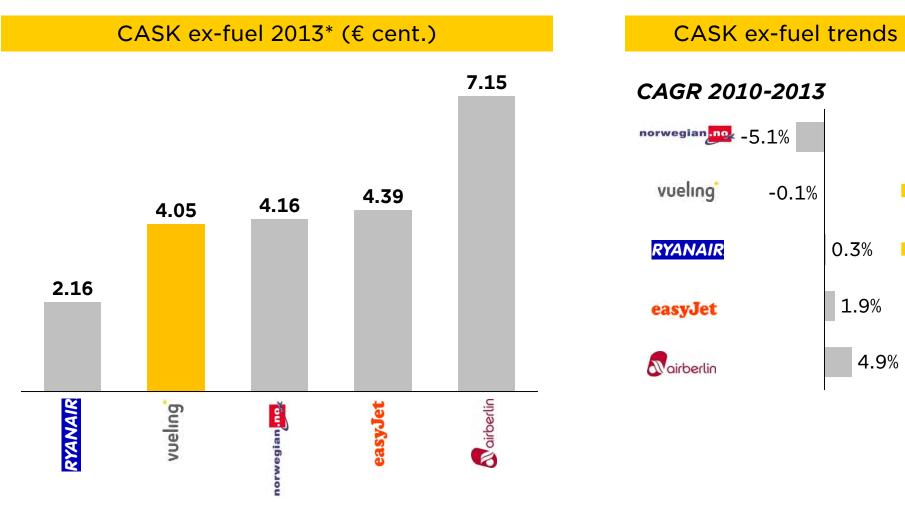


#### Three pillars of attack and defence





#### Cost discipline: Vueling maintains a cost advantage



Source: Annual accounts. \* Adjusted to Vueling stage length 2013



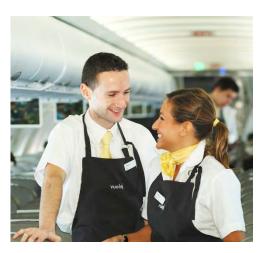
#### Cost discipline: Darwin cost saving platform

- Define goals
- Goals are defined on an annual basis
- Goals set for each area of the company

Identify initiatives

- Initiatives defined to meet annual targets
- Define priorities, areas of focus
- 3 Implementation
- A leader is defined for each initiative
- A dedicated team tracks progress
- Monitor savings
- Finance and control team monitors the results of all initiatives
- Action plans implemented to cut deviations

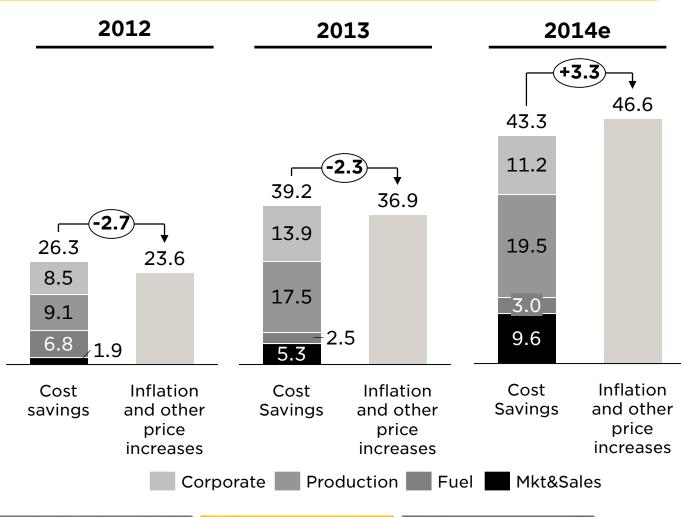






#### **Cost discipline: Darwin cost saving results**





- Darwin platform is expected to achieve more than €108M in savings between 2012-2014
- Darwin program allows to offset inflation and other price increases
- In 2014 Darwin will almost compensate the price effect, including new airport levies, and nonrecurring costs on the international expansion

#### Cost discipline: additional savings yet to be realized



Opportunity to lower costs

Joint IAG purchasing

2 Purchasing



Help IAG airlines to reach the best MRO service scenario Vueling's experience already supporting IAG purchasing



IAG size significantly enhanced Vueling's airplane deal

AENA ground handling license renewals Help IAG airlines to reach the best handling service scenario

New order will reduce fleet costs



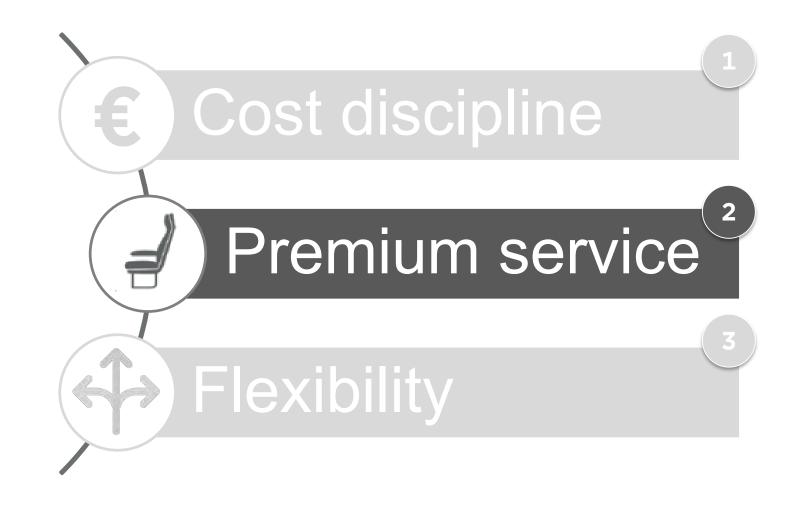
- Integration in IAG offers new cost saving opportunities to Vueling
- Cross-Fertilisation among Group Companies: cost and efficiency culture



Vueling

Cost

#### Three pillars of attack and defence





### Low cost fundamentalism: we predicted its end a while ago!





The End of Low Cost Fundamentalism

#### History

Vueling Airlines dates back to late 2002, when Carlos Muñoz and Lázaro Ros 1 development company that funded market and financial feasibility studies needed acveropment company that funded market and manufal reasonable successive arithmetic project. For the next 12 months, they proceeded to draft the business develop branding and corporate image. At the same time they sought strategic pa ueverop oranging and corporate image. At the same time they sought strategic pa-consolidate the project from industrial, business and financial standpoints, and a n

"We wanted an airline with competitive prices, low costs and based out of sout Europe. But we also had to offer more than the low-cost airlines. A 'new ge

Vueling's attributes were summed up as "simple, attractive and with competitive From that point on, the management team focused all its efforts on getting the A airline operating certificate - to officially become an airline. During that period, the moved into its first "headquarters," an office in Barcelona with just a few compr moved into its first fleauquarters, an office in parceiona with Just a few comptchairs which "had to be shared by way too many people!" Vucling began selling on chails which had to be shared by way too many people: vacanie ocean sening out 2004 with a campaign offering flights for 10 euros (selling over 50,000 tickets in 15

The first commercial flight (Barcelona-Ibiza) took place on July 1, 2004. The original consisted of two new Airbus A320 aircraft Daily routes offered flights from Barr destinations such as Paris, Brussels, Palma and Ibiza.

"We offered new single-class A-320 aircraft, major airports, one-on-one treatm no minimum stay, excellent in-flight service, online check-in and pre-allocation All this starting at 20 euros one-way. The 'no problem' airline."3

This case was prepared by Silvia Rodriguez, Research Assistant, under the supervision of Professor Jose Luis Nueno, as the basis for class discussion rather than to illustrate either effective or ineffective handling of an administrative situation. This case was prepared by Silvia Rodriguez, Research Assistant, under the supervision of Professor Jose Luis Nueno, as the Dasis for class discussion rather than to illustrate either effective or ineffective handling of an administrative situation.

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IESE business case, October 2011

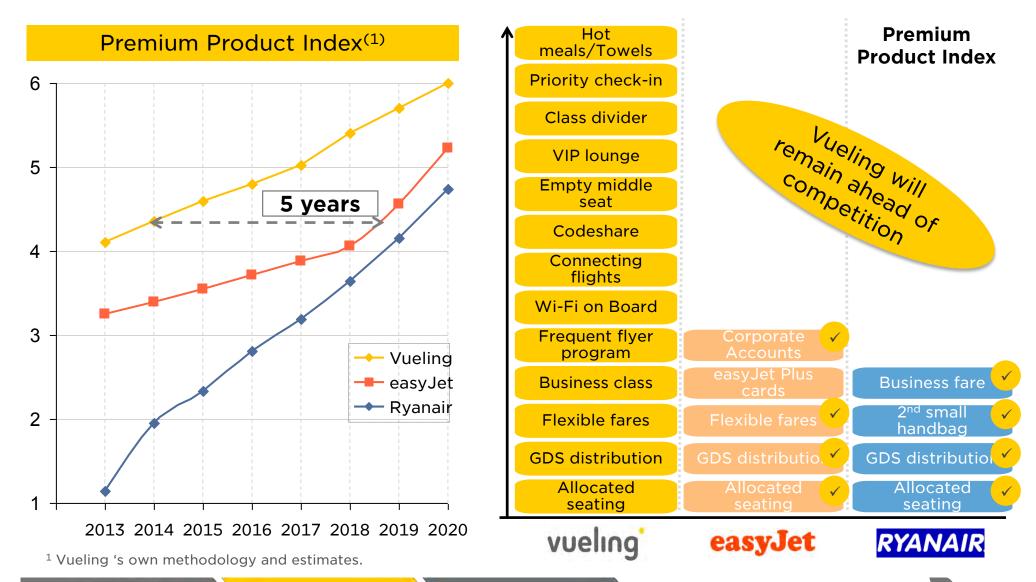


**Vueling** 

**Premium** 

M-1267-E

#### Premium service: Vueling continues holding an advantage





Vueling

Premium

#### Vueling Business class - Vueling's premium product











#### Vueling offers a differentiated premium service



#### **Transfer passengers**

- Since 2010 in Barcelona
- From 2014 in Rome Fiumicino
- 6M transfer pax since 2010



#### Codeshare

- Codeshare agreements give access to business passengers
- Codeshare agreement with BA signed in 2014



#### Frequent flyer program

- Vueling Frequent Flyer Program: Punto (more than 800k users)
- Iberia Plus: collect Avios from Vueling flights



#### **Excellence class**

- Business class
- Premium services: empty middle seat, VIP lounge, exclusive check in counter, catering...



#### Interline agreements

- Interline agreement with Qatar Airways signed in 2014
- More agreements to come



#### **Onboard Wi-Fi**

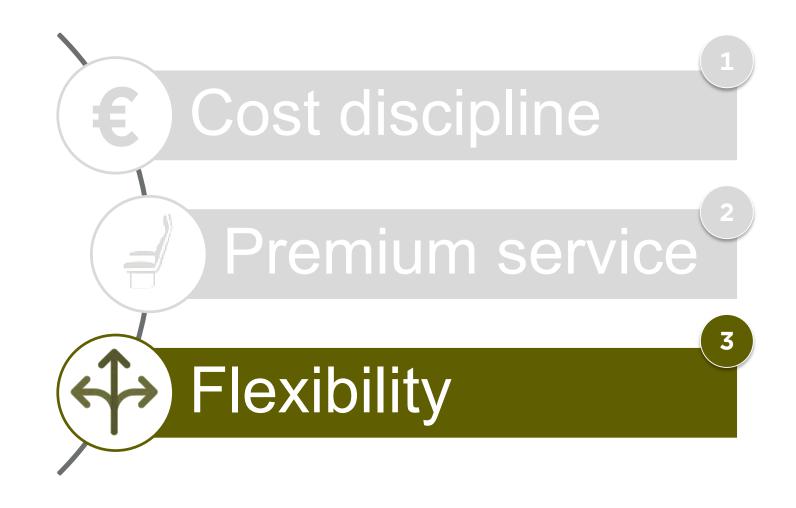
- Onboard Wi-Fi improves customer experience
- Pilot project on progress.
   Roll out 2015



Vueling

Premium

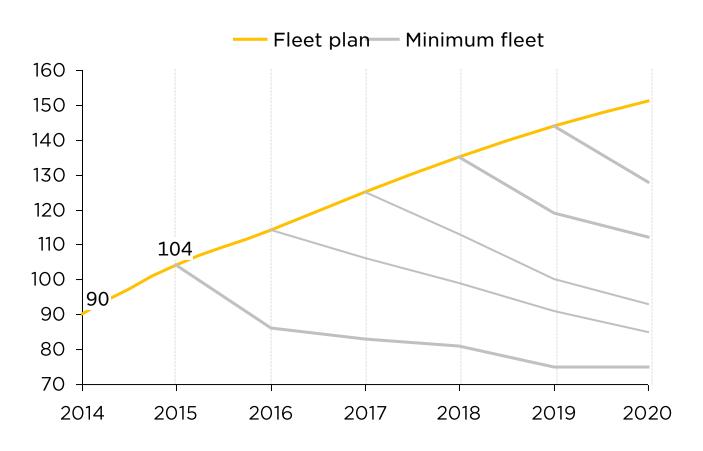
#### Three pillars of attack and defence





#### Fleet plan is designed to allow for flexibility



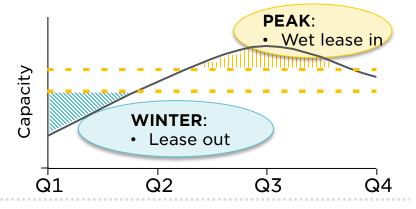


- Vueling's fleet plan has a target of 104 aircraft in 2015 peak Summer
- The fleet plan is designed to allow for flexibility and efficiency

#### Flexibility to manage seasonality

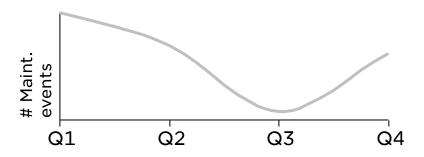
Fleet seasonality

- Summer: wet lease in
- Winter: lease out



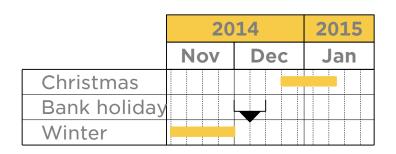
Maintenance events

- Maintenance planning
- Heavy maintenance events performed in winter



Special flight schedules

- 5 different flight schedules along winter season + local bank holidays
- Increased utilisation



#### New pilot agreement increases flexibility

#### Crew: new pilot agreement



Increase in flexibility

Ensures high productivity

Stable labour relations

Temporary work force increased from 20% to 35%

Maintains high productivity from previous agreement

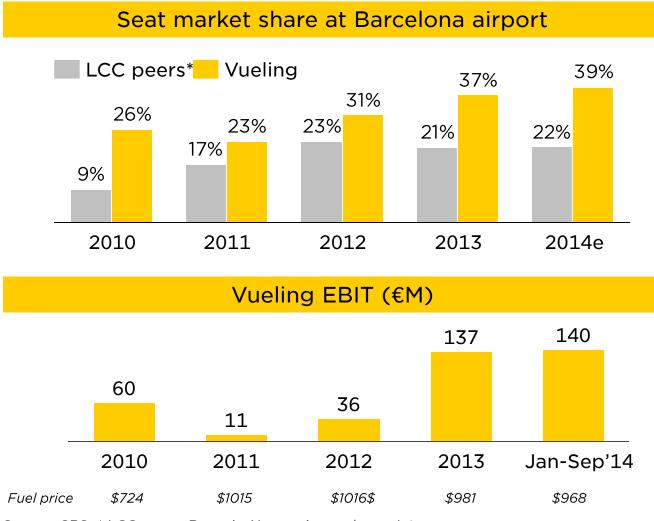
4 years term agreement (until 2018)



Vueling

Flexibility

#### Vueling has operated in a challenging environment

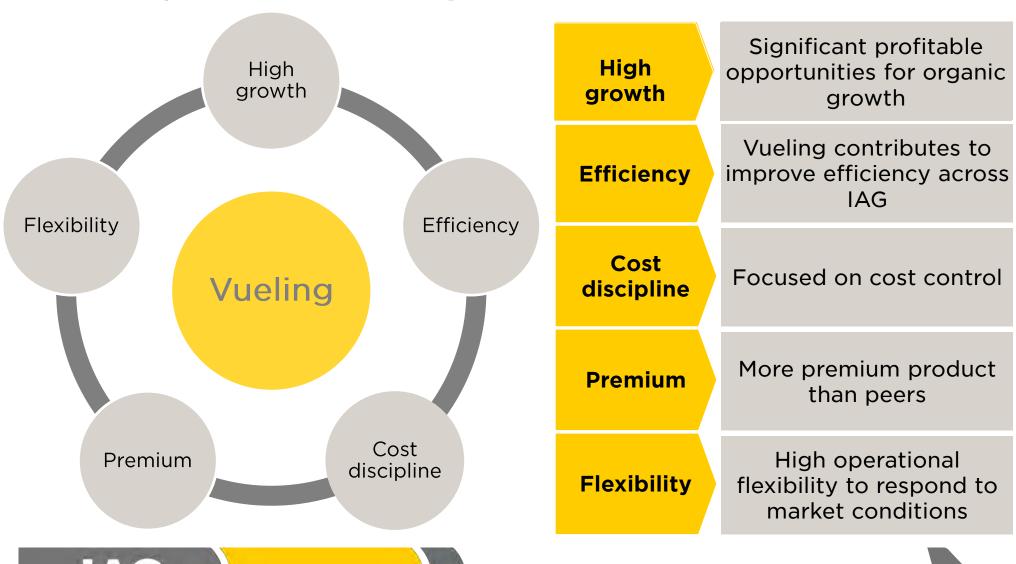


- European LCCs have already been expanding in Vueling markets
- Vueling has proven its ability to cope with an increase of capacity of competitors
- Vueling managed to report a positive EBIT result during the period 2010-2014

Source: SRS \* LCC peers: Ryanair, Norwegian and easyJet



### Vueling, IAG's high growth profitable tool whilst increasing efficiency across the Group



Vueling



LOVE THE WAY YOU FLY



## Appendix



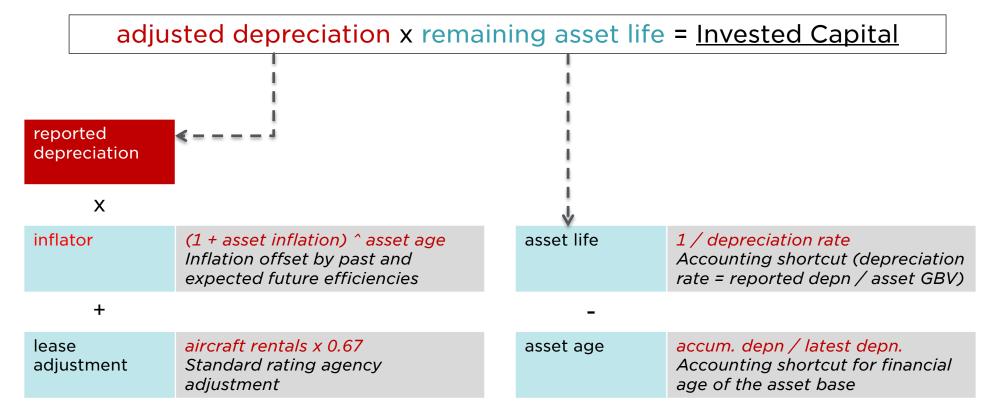
#### Preferred measure of Return on Capital

- Capital employed calculated using the financing method (book equity plus net debt) has the following drawbacks:
  - Large accounting distortions (prior year losses, pension and other write-offs)
  - No investor consensus on treatment of cash / working capital
  - Backward-looking, based on historic values for aircraft / financing, therefore not capable of benchmarking forward-looking shareholder returns
  - Peer comparison very difficult
- Our preferred calculation uses the current-cost asset method (book value of assets, adjusted for leasing and inflation):
  - Fewest accounting distortions / assumptions
  - Easy to calibrate against publicly-available aircraft values, and capex
  - Similar to established regulatory approaches for industries with long-life assets
  - Easy to relate to future shareholder returns / free cash generation
  - Peer comparison straightforward
- We described this approach at the 2013 Capital Markets Day



#### Standard Invested Capital and RoIC calculation

Real returns, applicable to all airlines (simplified version of last year with lease adjustment), working from public information



(EBITDAR - adjusted depreciation) / Invested Capital = RolC



#### **Invested Capital and capex**

Invested capital based on the replacement cost of assets, rather than historic cost, can then be used to make sense of capex

- Adjusted depreciation = replacement capex (€1.4bn in 2013)
- Adjusted depreciation x asset life = asset replacement cost (€30.3bn in 2013)
- Asset replacement cost x average long-term growth rate = growth capex
   (€0.9bn in 2013 assuming 3% long-term average asset growth)
- Replacement capex + growth capex = <u>expected average capex</u> (€2.3bn in 2013, or 60% replacement capex vs 40% growth capex
- Actual capex in each year depends on variations in retirement / new delivery schedules from year to year, and level of operating lease financing



#### Disclaimer

Certain statements included in this report are forward-looking and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements can typically be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as "expects", "may", "will", "could", "should", "intends", "plans", "predicts", "envisages" or "anticipates" and include, without limitation, any projections relating to results of operations and financial conditions of International Consolidated Airlines Group S.A. and its subsidiary undertakings from time to time (the 'Group'), as well as plans and objectives for future operations, expected future revenues, financing plans, expected expenditures and divestments relating to the Group and discussions of the Group's Business plan. All forward-looking statements in this report are based upon information known to the Group on the date of this report. The Group undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

It is not reasonably possible to itemise all of the many factors and specific events that could cause the forward-looking statements in this report to be incorrect or that could otherwise have a material adverse effect on the future operations or results of an airline operating in the global economy. Further information on the primary risks of the business and the risk management process of the Group is given in the Annual Report and Accounts 2013; these documents are available on www.iagshares.com.

